King County

KING COUNTY

1200 King County Courthouse 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

Signature Report

November 18, 2014

Ordinance 17938

	Proposed No. 2014-0437.1 Sponsors Upthegrove
1	AN ORDINANCE relating to the imposition of a natural
2	resource conservation rate and charge in the King
3	Conservation District and authorizing the executive to enter
4	into an interlocal agreement between King County and the
5	King Conservation District.
6	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:
7	SECTION 1. Findings:
8	A. The King Conservation District is a governmental subdivision of the state of
9	Washington, organized under chapter 89.08 RCW to protect and conserve natural
10	resources throughout King County except within the boundaries of the incorporated cities
11	of Enumclaw, Federal Way, Milton, Pacific and Skykomish.
12	B. RCW 89.08.405 authorizes a county legislative authority to approve by
13	resolution revenues to a conservation district by fixing a system of rates and charges to
14	fund conservation district activities and programs to conserve natural resources.
15	C. The King Conservation District provides the benefits of resource practices,
16	programs and projects authorized by chapter 89.08 RCW available to all land owners or
17	land occupiers within the district including but not limited to: soil conservation;
18	measures to address property compliance with federal, state and local laws and
19	regulations, including Clean Water Act standards and Endangered Species Act

requirements; aquatic and upland habitat protection and restoration, including technical assistance; National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit support; educational and demonstration projects; water quality monitoring; rain garden programs; invasive species programs; assistance relating to stewardship of working lands, such as agricultural and forest lands; assistance to farmers; assistance to county and municipal departments with water quality coordination and protections; coordination of intergovernmental partnerships to carry out joint projects, including the development and implementation of water quality and habitat protection projects; cost-sharing funding for sensitive area best management practices implementation; and other such natural resource conservation activities as provided for in chapter 89.08 RCW.

D. The declaration of legislative intent in establishment of conservation districts in RCW 89.08.010 is incorporated in this ordinance, notably the Washington state Legislature's acknowledgement that "there is a pressing need for the conservation of renewable resources in all areas of the state, whether urban, suburban, or rural, and that the benefits of resource practices, programs, and projects, as carried out by the state conservation commission and by the conservation districts, should be available to all such areas; therefore, it is hereby declared to be the policy of the legislature to provide for the conservation of the renewable resources of this state, and for the control and prevention of soil erosion, and for the prevention of flood water and sediment damages, and for furthering agricultural and nonagricultural phases of conservation, development, utilization, and disposal of water, and thereby to preserve natural resources, control floods, prevent impairment of dams and reservoirs, assist in maintaining the navigability

of rivers and harbors, preserve wildlife, protect the tax base, protect public lands, and protect and promote the health, safety, and general welfare of the people of this state."

- E. King County and the King Conservation District are authorized under chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act, and RCW 89.08.341 to enter into interlocal agreements for the purpose of engaging in cooperative efforts to promote, facilitate and undertake programs and activities relating to the conservation of natural resources and to keep, according to RCW 89.08.341, "...local agencies fully informed concerning the status and progress of the preparation of their resource conservation programs and plans."
- F. The county and the district have historically expressed their cooperative relationship through use of these interlocal agreements which have described the processes and mechanisms by which they were to carry out their respective roles.
- G. In response to the provisions in an interlocal agreement between King County and the King Conservation District, dated December 17, 2012, and authorized by Ordinance 17474, a multijurisdictional task force was created to investigate the availability of conservation and natural resource programs and services in King County, to identify the needs within King County for such services and programs and to identify actual and prospective sources of funding to meet such needs.
- H. On April 1, 2013, the county and the district, through a memorandum of understanding, agreed on a process and approach to implementing the terms of the ILA and specified that by no later than December 31, 2013, the multijurisdictional task force would forward a common set of recommendations to the district board of supervisors and the county council.

64	1. To provide guidance to the task force in meeting the mandates of the ILA, in		
65	2013 a conservation panel comprised of local elected officials within the district, was		
66	convened by the county and the district. A task force, comprised of staff level		
67	representatives from all of the organizations represented on the conservation panel and		
68	landowner, nonprofit and other stakeholder representatives, assisted the conservation		
69	panel in its policy and programmatic and recommendations.		
70	J. Between April 8, 2013, and October 23, 2013, the conservation panel met four		
71	times and its task force eight times, including three joint meetings of both bodies, and on		
72	December 26, 2013, the district and the county executive transmitted the final		
73	conservation panel and task force report and recommendations to the county council.		
74	K. A key recommendation in the report was that in January 2014 the King		
75	Conservation District convene a reconstituted advisory committee to complete the tasks		
76	initiated as part of the 2013 conservation panel and task force process and work with the		
77	advisory committee on a routine basis in arriving at an annual program of work and		
78	budget. The report also contained recommendations regarding current and future		
79	program opportunities currently unfunded or underfunded to address:		
80	1. Rural small lot and urban forest canopy;		
81	2. Rural farmer plans;		
82	3. Urban agriculture;		
83	4. Expanded landowner incentive program;		
84	5. Shoreline education; and		
85	6. Regional food system.		

L. The district convened the reconstituted advisory committee, which first met on March 3, 2014, and determined that its first order of business would be to review the district proposed program of work for 2015 and the associated system of rates and charges necessary to implement the conservation programs and service.

M. The advisory committee met five times and an executive committee of the advisory committee met three times between March 3 and July 23, 2014, to evaluate and provide input on the King Conservation District program of work for 2015 and system of rates and charges, and on July 23, 2014, voted to support the King Conservation District's program of work 2015, Exhibit A to Attachment A to this ordinance.

N. On July 23, 2014, during the discussion of the district's proposed system of rates and charges and proposed 2015 program of work, an advisory committee member noted that the King Conservation District had at earlier meetings projected a significant rate reserve in the first year of the new rates and charges structure and requested that any unallocated rate revenue be allocated to the district's jurisdictional grants program for member jurisdictions on a pro-rata basis. The advisory committee recommended that this request be addressed as the district and the advisory committee work together on an implementation plan for the 2015 program of work and rates and charges budget.

O. On July 28, 2014, the district board of supervisors met and ratified the recommendation of the advisory committee by adopting Resolution No. 14-004, which proposed a system of rates and charges to King County for five years. The board of supervisors also adopted Resolution No. 14-003, which approved the 2015 proposed annual program of work and the rates and charges appropriations budget. The 2015 annual program of work and budget reflected the six areas of programs recommended in

the conservation panel/task force report, as identified in subsection K. above, and as recommended by the advisory committee.

- P. On July 28, 2014, the district transmitted to the county council and executive the proposed system of rates and charges, the 2015 annual program of work and the 2015 rates and charges appropriations budget.
- Q. District Resolution No. 14-004, in proposing a system of rates and charges, references and utilizes a rate structure study done by FCS Group, described in the resolution as a financial consulting firm that provides economic, public finance, financial, which includes rates, charges and fees, and management consulting services to public sector entities throughout the country, including city and county governments, utilities, ports, special purpose districts and state agencies. The King Conservation district Rate Study Report (FCS Group, July 2014), Exhibit B to Attachment A to this ordinance, allocates the costs of district services to various classes of property, and the district board of supervisors considered the discretionary factors provided for in RCW 89.08.405 and found seven classes of property to be appropriate: residential, commercial, agricultural, institutional/public, open space, vacant/undeveloped and forested.
- R. In Resolution No. 14-004, the district board of supervisors found that it is appropriate to assign weighting factors to each class of property that reflect distinctions among those properties relating to the services and/or benefits received, to be received or available. The weighting factors included services and/or benefits received, to be received or available that are insignificant or immeasurable to certain property; services and/or benefits received, to be received or available to classes of property to a lesser degree; and services and/or benefits received, to be received, to be received or available that more fully

support property (compared to other classes of property). The board found that for land classified as forested, the cost to administer a rate program for this class appeared to outweigh the likely revenues under the formula set out in RCW 89.08.405(4), and thus exempted such land from being charged under the system of rates and charges.

- S. Forested lands under RCW 89.08.405 may not be charged on a per parcel basis, and they may be charged on a per acre basis only if the proposed system of rates and charges includes a per acre charge for non-forested classes of property. Since the proposed system of rates and charges does not include a per acre charge for non-forested classes of property, forested lands are not charged on a per acre basis, and thus receive no charge. The King Conservation District considered a per acre charge for the six other classes of property, but determined that a per acre charge could result in miscalculations and confusion among ratepayers and determined that at this time such a charge was not appropriate.
- T. While forested lands are not charged under the FCS Rate Study Report, the lands of ratepayers adjacent to and in the vicinity of forested lands do receive multiple benefits from the presence of forests, including cleaner air, preserved wildlife habitat, and reduced stormwater impacts due to forest absorption and evapotranspiration of rainwater, and so receive benefits and burden offsets from the activities and programs of the King Conservation District that improve the management of nearby forests.
- U. In Resolution No. 14-004, the following rates are proposed by the King Conservation District board of supervisors for a five year period: agricultural land, ten dollars per parcel per year; residential land, nine dollars and forty-five cents per parcel per year; institutional or public land, nine dollars and twenty-five cents per parcel per

year; commercial land, nine dollars and twenty-three cents per parcel per year; open space land, eight dollars and ninety three cents per parcel per year; vacant or undeveloped land, seven dollars and seventy cents per parcel per year; with the following lands exempted from such charges: forested parcels and parcels owned by federally recognized Native American tribes or members of such tribes that are located within the historical boundaries of a reservation. In the Resolution, the King Conservation District defined each of the seven classes based on the King County assessor's property classifications.

V. In accordance with RCW 89.08.405, the county legislative authority in approving a system of rates and charges may in its discretion consider the information provided by a conservation district in proposing a system of rates and charges. The King Conservation District provided such information in its 2015 annual program of work and budget, and Resolution No. 14-004, which describes the information the board of supervisors considered in proposing a system of rates and charges, including but not limited to, services furnished, to be furnished or available to the landowner; benefits received, to be received or available to the property; land use categories in the district; and the impacts of proposed programs on categories of lands, including burdens offset and benefits received both directly and indirectly. The district also provided to King County the FCS Group Rate Study Report, which the district participated in, that created the rate structure and supporting analysis that provided for different rates by land use, based on benefits, programs and services received, to be received or to be available from each proposed district program in the 2015 annual program of work.

W. The classes proposed by the district are based on property use, and among the different classes there are sufficient differences in services and/or benefits received, to be

received, or available from the district's programs and activities, to establish a rational basis for the different classes.

X. Those properties located within the jurisdictions in King County that are not within the King Conservation District may receive some small incidental benefit from the activities of the district but the owners of such properties do not have direct access to conservation programs and services provided as a result of the revenues derived from the system of rates and charges. In contrast, member jurisdictions may receive conservation district grant funds and participate in budget and policy discussions through membership on the reconstituted advisory committee.

Y. RCW 89.08.220(4) authorizes the King Conservation District to cooperate and enter into agreements with, and within the limits of appropriations made available to it, to furnish financial or other aid to any agency, government or otherwise, or any occupier of land within the district in the carrying on of preventative and control measures and works of improvement for the conservation of renewable natural resources within the district.

Z. The King Conservation District under RCW 89.08.220(1) is authorized to engage in investigation and research that relates to the conservation of renewable natural resources provided that, in order to avoid duplication of research activities, any research is done in cooperation with state government and agencies of the state and the United States and agencies of the United States.

AA. The county and the King Conservation District continue to share a mutual goal of providing a stable and predictable source of funding for the district's conservation programs, and local jurisdictions' natural resource conservation programs and activities, so that the district, the county and member jurisdictions and other stakeholders can

implement long-range plans for natural resource conservation. The attached interlocal agreement, Attachment A to this ordinance, provides for such stability and predictability as to funding needs.

BB. The attached interlocal agreement also provides a framework for the county and the district to continue to cooperatively undertake and fund natural resource conservation programs, projects and activities that are consistent with and reflective of the priorities recommended by the conservation panel/task force report and by the advisory committee.

CC. For the purposes set forth in chapter 89.08 RCW, the public interest is served by the approval of a system of rates and charges for the King Conservation District in accordance with this ordinance, with parcels owned by federally recognized tribes or members of such tribes that are located within the historical boundaries of a reservation being exempted from charge. All lands within the boundaries of the King Conservation District have derived and will continue to derive benefits both directly and indirectly and burden offsets both directly and indirectly from the natural resource conservation projects and programs of the district.

DD. The conservation activities funded by this ordinance consist of those projects, programs and activities that are more fully described in the attached proposed interlocal agreement, and they meet the purposes of RCW 89.08.010 as described in subsection D. of this section to improve the quality of water and the conservation of natural resources in the district and to assist landowners in the district to comply with laws and regulations that protect the quality of the county's water and natural resources. In fulfilling these purposes, the district furnishes and makes available services to

landowners and benefits to properties, and offsets burdens caused by uses of lands so as to protect and preserve renewable natural resources, thereby promoting the health, safety and general welfare of the landowners within the district.

EE. In accordance with RCW 89.08.405(5), the district board of supervisors has established by Resolution 14-005 a process providing for landowner appeals of the individual rates and charges as applicable to a parcel or parcels. The district is encouraged through the appeal process to consider including the status of low income senior citizen, and low income disabled person as bases for reducing or eliminating the charge that would otherwise be imposed on parcels owned by such persons.

FF. The proposed interlocal agreement between the King Conservation District and King County specifies the use of rates and charges expenditures for identified natural resource conservation programs and activities. These programs and activities identified in the interlocal agreement and funded by rates and charges as authorized herein will furnish and make available services to landowners and benefits to properties, and offset burdens caused by uses of land, so as to promote the health, safety and general welfare of the people and properties within the district and thereby serve the public interest.

Programs and activities provided with rates and charges revenues as allocated in the proposed interlocal agreement satisfy RCW 89.08.405 for each of the five years of the collection of the rates and charges.

GG. The imposition of the system of rates and charges proposed by the King Conservation District constitutes an exercise of King County's police power, as it protects and preserves renewable natural resources, thereby promoting the public interest, health, safety and general welfare of the properties and property owners within the district.

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SECTION 2. A natural resource conservation rate and charge is hereby approved for collection effective January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2019, and imposed on each parcel of real property within the King Conservation District for the district as follows: agricultural lands, ten dollars per parcel per year; residential lands, nine dollars and forty-five cents per parcel per year; institutional or public lands, nine dollars and twenty-five cents per parcel per year; commercial lands, nine dollars and twenty-three cents per parcel per year; open space lands, eight dollars and ninety-three cents per parcel per year; vacant or undeveloped lands, seven dollars and seventy cents per parcel per year; and forested lands, zero dollars and zero cents per parcel per year; with the following lands exempted from such charges: lands owned by federally recognized Native American tribes or members of such tribes that are located within the historical boundaries of a reservation. The use of revenues from this system of rates and charges is subject to the terms of the proposed interlocal agreement between the King Conservation District and King County, Attachment A to this ordinance, which may be amended upon mutual agreement of the county and the district. In approving this system of rates and charges, the county in the exercise of its police powers is authorizing the use of revenues by the district to protect and preserve renewable natural resources, thereby paying for and regulating the services provided, paying for and regulating the burdens on natural resources that landowners have created and promoting the health, safety and general welfare of the people and properties within the district. This system of rates and charges for any year may be modified or repealed by ordinance on or before December 31 of the preceding year.

SECTION 3. The amount of the rate and charge shall constitute a lien against any property for which the rate and charge has not been paid by the date it is due. A notice of lien shall be sent to each owner of the property.

SECTION 4. In accordance with RCW 89.08.405(5), the district board of supervisors has established by Resolution 14-005 a process providing for landowner appeals of the individual rates and charges as applicable to a parcel or parcels and providing that any such appeal must be filed by the landowner with the district no later than twenty-one days after the date property taxes are due. The decision of the district's board of supervisors regarding any appeal shall be final and conclusive.

SECTION 5. The King County executive is hereby authorized to enter into an interlocal agreement with the King Conservation District, substantially in the form of Attachment A to this ordinance, that establishes the roles and responsibilities of the county and the district in cooperatively undertaking natural resource conservation programs, projects and activities under funding obtained through a system of rates and charges.

SECTION 6. By December 31, 2014, the King County executive shall file with the clerk of the council a fully executed original of the interlocal agreement, substantially in the same form as Attachment A to this ordinance. If the executive fails to timely file the original of the fully executed interlocal agreement, this ordinance shall be null and void and the rates and charges provided for in this ordinance shall not be collected. If either party to the interlocal agreement terminates the agreement, the rates and charges provided for in this ordinance shall not be collected for the calendar year or years following the termination.

SECTION 7. All provisions of this ordinance are necessary to accomplish the intent of the county in approving the natural resource rates and charges for the duration of time from January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2019, and are not severable from each other. If any provision of this ordinance is declared by a final court order to be invalid, all provisions of this ordinance shall be deemed to be of no force or effect and the natural resource system of rates and charges authorized in this ordinance shall not be collected, or if collected, shall be returned to the office of the King County treasurer, who shall hold the moneys until further instruction by the court, or in the absence of such an instruction, upon the terms provided for in the interlocal agreement, Attachment A to this ordinance.

SECTION 8. This ordinance is enacted under the county's police power authority, including Article XI, Section 11 of the Washington state Constitution and

303 RCW 36.32.120, and its contracting authority, including under chapter 89.08 RCW and

304 Section 120 of the King County Charter.

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Ordinance 17938 was introduced on 11/3/2014 and passed by the Metropolitan King County Council on 11/17/2014, by the following vote:

Yes: 8 - Mr. Phillips, Mr. von Reichbauer, Mr. Gossett, Ms. Hague, Ms. Lambert, Mr. McDermott, Mr. Dembowski and Mr. Upthegrove

No: 0

Excused: 1 - Mr. Dunn

KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Larry Phillips, Chair

ATTEST:

Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council

APPROVED this 20 day of WOVEMPER 2014.

Dow Constantine, County Executive

Attachments: A. Interlocal Agreement Between King County and the King Conservation District Relating to Natural Resource Conservation

INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN KING COUNTY AND THE KING CONSERVATION DISTRICT RELATING TO NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION

THIS AGREEMENT is entered into by and between King County, a political subdivision of the State of Washington (hereinafter referred to as the "County"), and the King Conservation District, a governmental subdivision of the state of Washington organized under Chapter 89.08 RCW (hereinafter referred to as the "District" or as the "KCD").

RECITALS

WHEREAS, pursuant to Chapter 39.34 RCW (Interlocal Cooperation Act) and RCW 89.08.341, the County and the District are authorized to enter into this Agreement for the purpose of engaging in cooperative efforts to promote, facilitate and undertake programs and activities relating to the conservation of natural resources; and

WHEREAS, the District was established in 1949 pursuant to Chapter 89.08 RCW with the purpose and authority to undertake programs and activities to protect and conserve natural resources throughout those portions of King County that are within the District; and

WHEREAS, since its inception the District has developed an expertise in the management of soil, water and natural resources to protect and conserve the environment and local economies and the District has earned a reputation among landowners as an organization that understands and appreciates their needs; and

WHEREAS, the District's relationship with the Natural Resources Conservation Service of the United States Department of Agriculture and other federal and state agencies strengthens its ability to preserve and protect natural resources in King County through access to federal and state funded programs; and

WHEREAS, the District is authorized to plan and administer activities that affect the best use and conservation of renewable natural resources in such areas as farming, forestry, watershed stabilization and prevention and reduction of erosion and stormwater, protection of fish and wildlife, prevention and reduction of pollution to surface waters and habitat restoration, and to work in coordination with local agencies to avoid duplication of effort; and

WHEREAS, the County has an interest in protecting the quality of its soils and water to enhance human health and the health of its watersheds including aquatic and riparian habitats, and is obligated under its National Pollution Discharge Elimination System permit to do so; and

WHEREAS, RCW 89.08.405 authorizes the County's legislative authority to approve by resolution revenues to the District by fixing a system of rates and charges to fund District activities and programs to conserve natural resources, and thereby promote the public health, safety, and welfare of the people and their properties within the District; and

WHEREAS, the County's Zoning Code provides for King County landowners to work with the District to bring agricultural practices into compliance with water quality and critical area standards and to assist farmers in developing farm plans that promote flexibility for water way buffer areas, and soil and water resource conservation practices; and

WHEREAS, the County has a variety of programs and regulations that relate to farm practices and the preservation of natural resources that are best implemented in cooperation and coordination with the District; and

WHEREAS, RCW 89.08.220(4) authorizes the District to cooperate and enter into agreements with, and within the limits of funding available to it, to furnish financial or other aid to any agency, government or otherwise, or any occupier of land within the District in the carrying on of preventative and control measures and works of improvement for the conservation of renewable natural resources within the District, subject to such conditions that the District's Board of Supervisors may deem necessary to advance the purposes of Chapter 89.08 RCW; and

WHEREAS, the District has helped to fund, on an annual basis, critical natural resource conservation programs and activities of the jurisdictions within the District ("Member Jurisdictions"); and

WHEREAS, the District works with private landowners on a voluntary basis to educate and support the voluntary implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) on private lands; and

WHEREAS, such programmatic efforts are known to be critical to the success of natural resource conservation programs and are congruent with the District's mission and statutory mandate; and

WHEREAS, the County and the District continue to share a mutual goal of providing a stable and predictable source of funding for the District's conservation programs, and the Member Jurisdictions' natural resource conservation programs and activities that are consistent with the District's statutory purposes, so that the District, the County, Member Jurisdictions, and other stakeholders can implement long-range plans for natural resource conservation; and

WHEREAS, the interlocal agreement authorized by King County Ordinance 17474 provided for the creation of a multi-jurisdictional task force to investigate the availability of conservation and natural resource programs and services in King County; identify the needs within the county for such services and programs; and identify actual and prospective sources of funding to meet such needs; and

WHEREAS, on April 1, 2013, the County and the District, through a Memorandum of Agreement, agreed on a process and approach to implementing Ordinance 17474, and specified that by no later than December 31, 2013, the multi-jurisdictional task force would forward a common set of recommendations to the KCD Board of Supervisors and the King County Council; and

WHEREAS, the County and the District in 2013 acted as the co-convenors of a conservation panel charged with meeting the mandate of Ordinance 17474, comprised of local elected officials within the District ("Conservation Panel"); and

WHEREAS, the Conservation Panel was supported by a task force ("Task Force") comprised of staff level representatives from all of the organizations represented on the Conservation Panel and landowner, non-profit, and other stakeholder representatives; and

WHEREAS, between April 8, 2013 and October 23, 2013, the Conservation Panel met four times and its Task Force eight times, including three joint meetings of both bodies; and

WHEREAS, on December 26, 2013, the KCD/King County Executive transmitted the final Conservation Panel/Task Force report and recommendations to the County Council; and

WHEREAS, a key recommendation in the report was that in January 2014 the KCD convene a reconstituted advisory committee to complete the tasks initiated as part of the 2013 Conservation Panel/Task Force process ("Advisory Committee") and work with the Advisory Committee on a routine basis in arriving at an annual work program and budget; and

WHEREAS, the District did convene a reconstituted Advisory Committee, which first met on March 3, 2014; and

WHEREAS, the Advisory Committee determined that its first order of business would be to review the KCD proposed program of work for 2015 and the associated system of rates and charges necessary to implement the conservation programs and services; and

WHEREAS, the Advisory Committee met five times and an executive committee of the Advisory Committee met three times between March 3 and July 23, 2014, to evaluate and provide input on the KCD program of work for 2015 and system of rates and charges; and

WHEREAS on July 23, 2014, the Advisory Committee voted to support the KCD proposed Annual Program of Work and rates and charges, (as further defined herein); and

WHEREAS, on July 28, 2014, the KCD Board of Supervisors met and ratified the recommendation of the Advisory Committee, and transmitted the 2015 Annual Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget, **Exhibit A**, and the proposed system of rates and charges to the County Executive and Council; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to RCW 89.08.405 the County has the authority to impose a system of rates and charges on lands within the District for up to ten years to fund the District's conservation programs and activities; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the requirements of RCW 89.08.400 and .405 the District has proposed a system of rates and charges to be imposed for a five year period and has filed a proposed Annual Program of Work and Rates and Charges Appropriations Budget with the County for fiscal year 2015; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to RCW 89.08.405, the District in proposing the system of rates and charges to the County, may consider: (a) services furnished, to be furnished, or available to the landowner; (b) benefits received, to be received, or available to the property; (c) the character and use of land; (d) the nonprofit public benefit status, as defined in RCW 24.03.490, of the land user; (e) the income level of persons served or provided benefits under this chapter, including senior citizens and disabled persons; or (f) any other matters that present a reasonable difference as a ground for distinction; and

WHEREAS, the system of rates and charges proposed by the District was developed following an extensive rate study for the District by FCS Group, an independent financial consulting firm that provides economic, public finance, management consulting and financial (rates, charges, and fees) services to public sector entities throughout the country, including city and county governments, utilities, municipal corporations and ports, special purpose districts and state agencies; and

WHEREAS, the FCS Group evaluated the services provided by the District and has developed a rate structure as part of the King Conservation District Rate Study Report (FCS Group, 2014) **Exhibit B** that allocates the costs of the District programs and services to classes of property within the District based on benefits received by the properties, both direct and indirect; and

WHEREAS, while forested lands used solely for the planting, growing, or harvesting of trees are not charged under the FCS Rate Study, ratepayers adjacent to and in the vicinity of forested lands do receive multiple benefits from the presence of forests, including cleaner air, preserved wildlife habitat, and reduced stormwater impacts due to forest absorption and evapotranspiration of rainwater, and so receive benefits and burden offsets from the activities and programs of the District that improve the management of nearby forests; and

WHEREAS, the District has reviewed the FCS Rate Study and desires to utilize the system of rates and charges recommended by the Study, as demonstrated by the District's adoption of Resolution 14-004; and

WHEREAS, the system of rates and charges, the Annual Program of Work, and the Rates and Charges Appropriations Budget ("Rates and Charges Budget") for the program were developed by the District with substantial input from the Advisory Committee established under the authority of King County Ordinance 17474 and the interlocal agreement executed by the County and the District pursuant to that ordinance; and

WHEREAS, the County through its representatives has participated in the Advisory Committee deliberations regarding the system of rates and charges and the annual program of work and budget; and

WHEREAS, the County, consistent with RCW 89.08.405, has considered the information provided by the District, including the FCS Group's Rate Study, the proposed system of rates and charges, the 2015 Annual Program of Work and the Rates and Charges Budget, and the recommendations of the Advisory Committee; and

WHEREAS, in Ordinance ______the County has found that the public interest, health, safety and welfare will be served by the imposition of the system of rates and charges for a five year period to fund the District's conservation programs and activities pursuant to the requirements of RCW 89.08.400 and .405; and

WHEREAS, the County, the District, the Member Jurisdictions, and other stakeholders desire to work cooperatively on natural resource conservation efforts, including projects and activities to conserve soils, to improve the quality of water in the District, to protect natural resources, and to assist landowners in the District to comply with laws and regulations that protect the quality of the soil, water, and resources within the District; and

WHEREAS, the District's programs and activities provide burden offsets to the many forms of damages that occur to natural resources, and also provide numerous benefits, including the conferral of grants, educational workshops, and technical assistance to the properties and property owners within the District, which burden offsets and benefits are not available to the properties and property owners in jurisdictions outside the District; and

WHEREAS, the District recognizes the need to formulate its future Annual Programs of Work and Rates and Charges Budgets in cooperation with the Advisory Committee, and is willing to commit to seeking input on a timely basis from the Advisory Committee as it develops such Work Programs and Budgets; and

WHEREAS, the District recognizes that in proposing a system of rates and charges to the County for a five year period, the County needs to be kept informed of the future Annual Programs of Work and Rates and Charges Budgets for those years beyond 2015, in order for the County to be assured that the District's conservation programs and activities funded each year by the imposed rates and charges continue to be in the public interest, and promote public health, safety and welfare; and

WHEREAS, the District is willing to commit to providing the County Executive and County Council a copy of its future Annual Programs of Work and Rates and Charges Budgets, in a format similar to the 2015 Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget, by September 1 of the preceding year for each future Annual Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget during the term of this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, this Agreement provides for cooperative efforts on the part of the County and the District to fund the District's conservation programs and activities, and to promote and fulfill the legislative declaration and determinations contained in RCW 89.08.010; and

WHEREAS, in fixing the system of rates and charges proposed by the District, the King County Council has authorized the use of such revenues by the District to protect and preserve renewable natural resources, thereby promoting the public interest, health, safety and general welfare of the people and properties within the District.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises, benefits and covenants contained herein, the parties hereto agree as follows:

I. PURPOSE OF THE AGREEMENT:

- A. The recitals set forth above are incorporated herein by this reference.
- B. The purpose of this Agreement is to set forth the agreed upon terms under which the District will plan and undertake its programs and activities relating to the protection and conservation of natural resources and will keep the County informed of such planning and undertaken efforts.

II. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>:

- A. "Annual Program of Work" means a detailed statement or description of the conservation programs and activities to be undertaken by the District for a particular calendar year using a system of rates and charges authorized and imposed by the County for the benefit of the District pursuant to the requirements of RCW 89.08.400 and .405. An Annual Program of Work will include a budget, broken out by major activities, identifying the anticipated expenditure of the rates and charges for the District's conservation programs and activities described in the Annual Program of Work. An Annual Program of Work for each of the years subject to this Agreement shall be submitted to the King County Council by the District on or before September 1 of each year for the following year's activities and programs.
- B. "Advisory Committee" means a committee consisting of representatives of the District and key stakeholder groups, including representatives of the County, Member Jurisdictions and other interested parties, that will be asked by the District to review and make recommendations to the Board of Supervisors on the District's Annual Programs of Work and Rates and Charges Budgets during the term of the system of rates and charges. The purpose of the Advisory Committee is to foster a greater understanding of the programs and services provided by the District, and to identify conservation programs that may be undertaken by the District through the use of funds derived through the District's approved system of rates and charges.
- C. "Rates and Charges Budget" means a budget, broken out by major activities, that describes the District's projected expenditure of the rates and charges for the District's programs, and activities for a calendar year subject to this Agreement.

III. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES:

A. THE DISTRICT

1. Annual Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget: Attached to this Agreement as **Exhibit A** and incorporated herein by this reference, is the District's 2015 Annual Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget. The County and the District agree that this Annual Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget are in the public interest and promote the public health, safety and welfare of the citizens of King County who own or occupy properties within the District. The District commits to implementing this Annual Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget for the year 2015. The 2015 Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget reflect six program areas as areas of focus both for funding and level of

effort. These six program areas were identified as priority focus areas for the District's programs and activities during the yearlong Task Force process, undertaken in accordance with the terms of King County Ordinance 17474 and the interlocal agreement executed by the County and the District pursuant to that ordinance. The District agrees that in developing and implementing its future Annual Programs of Work and Rates and Charges Budgets under the five year system of rates and charges imposed by the County, these priority focus areas will be retained and will reflect budget commitments similar to those levels contained in the 2015 Annual Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget. As evidenced by the 2015 Annual Program and Rates and Charges Budget, the District will continue to promote the development of sound agriculture economic development policy and to extend small farm support, and general farm marketing support.

- 2. <u>Previously Collected Funds</u>: The District agrees to use any funds collected by or for the benefit of the District in connection with a previously adopted system of assessments or system of rates and charges in accordance with the terms of the applicable interlocal agreements entered into between the District and the County.
- Member Jurisdiction Grants & Services Program: During the term of this Agreement, the District will fund and administer a grant program for the benefit of its Member Jurisdictions in accordance with the financial commitment in the Rates and Charges Budget for the year 2015. For each year thereafter, the Member Jurisdiction grant program will reflect 2015 funding levels. The District's Member Jurisdiction grant program will fund projects and programs within a given jurisdiction in accordance with the streamlined grant application and award process developed by a subcommittee of the Task Force. Each Member Jurisdiction shall be eligible to apply for and receive grant funds in the years subject to the system of rates and charges, on a non-competitive, pro rata basis that is consistent with historical allocations in the years 2013-2014 and the financial commitment in the 2015 Annual Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget or, at the Member Jurisdiction's option, services in lieu of such grant funds. In the event that a Member Jurisdiction has not spent the grant funds available to it within three (3) years following the date such rates and charges were collected by the District and available for award, after 180-days' prior written notice from District to the Member Jurisdiction, the District may reallocate the unused funds to other District programs. In the interests of efficiency and obtaining the maximum benefits from these grant funds, the District agrees that two or more Member Jurisdictions may pool resources in any one year for projects consistent with the District's statutory purposes and the District's adopted grant policies and procedures, and to fund such projects on a rotating basis within the group of Member Jurisdictions participating in the pooling arrangement.

4. Work with the Advisory Committee:

a. The District shall convene the Advisory Committee consistent with the recommendations of the 2013 Conservation Panel/Task Force report. The Advisory Committee composition shall reflect the District's commitment to private landowners and to programmatic efforts, and include a number of representatives from the incorporated member jurisdictions. Such representation shall include, at a minimum (those selected by the KCD or the County are so identified by the text in the parentheses): the KCD Board

Chair, a representative of the King County executive branch, a representative of the King County legislative branch, a representative of a governmental or non-governmental organization that specially promotes equity and social justice (to be appointed by the County Executive and confirmed by the County Council), a representative of the City of Seattle, a representative of the City of Bellevue, three elected officials from other King County cities (selected by the Sound Cities Association), a rural landowner (selected by KCD), an urban landowner (selected by KCD), a representative from the King County Agriculture Commission, a representative from the King County Rural Forest Commission, and an Environmental Non-Governmental Organization (NGO) representative (selected by KCD).

- b. The Advisory Committee shall meet no less than four times per year, and may form sub-committees or meet more often as may be deemed necessary and appropriate by the Committee.
- c. The District agrees that it will cooperatively work with the Advisory Committee in every respect, but particularly in developing the Annual Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget. The District will seek input from the Advisory Committee on a timely basis and provide the members with information and analysis they reasonably request, in advance of providing a final version of the Annual Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget to the County Council and Executive by no later than September 1, of each year, for the following year.
- d. The Advisory Committee shall advise the District on the Annual Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget, and shall provide the District Board of Supervisors with a recommendation annually. Furthermore, the Advisory Committee shall also brief the King County Council on the Committee's findings and recommendations with respect to the Annual Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget annually, by no later than August 1, of each year.
- e. The Advisory Committee shall advise the District on implementation of the new programs identified in the 2015 Annual Program of Work, and shall assist the KCD in developing eligibility criteria for the Local Food Economy grant program, and any other new grant programs contemplated by the KCD as part of the implementation of the 2015 and subsequent Annual Programs of Work.
- f. The Advisory Committee shall provide input annually into the District's protocols and procedures for applying for and receiving Member Jurisdiction grants.
- g. The Advisory Committee, as an advisory body to the District, may make recommendations to the District on matters beyond those identified explicitly in this Agreement, at the Committee's discretion.

5. Reports:

The District shall provide by no later than September 1 of each year, copies of its Annual Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget to King County. The District shall also provide annual reports at this time, detailing work completed the prior year. The annual reports shall describe progress achieved towards work plan goals and report any barriers towards achieving work plan goals. The Annual Program of Work, the Rates and Charges Budget and the annual reports shall be filed with the clerk of the council for distribution to the chair of the transportation, economy and environment committee, or its successor committee, to the executive, to each councilmember and to the lead staff for the transportation, economy and environment committee, or its successor committee.

6. Electoral Process:

The District, with input from the Advisory Committee, will work with the County as well as with the Washington State Conservation Commission and the Washington Association of Conservation Districts to address an electoral process for District supervisors that is more reflective of voter participation in other County general elections.

B. THE COUNTY

- 1. <u>Approval of System of Rates and Charges</u>: The County has approved a system of rates and charges for a five (5) year period for the benefit of the District in accordance with the requirements of RCW 89.08.400 and .405, to fund the District's conservation programs and activities as described in the 2015 Annual Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget attached as **Exhibit A**.
- 2. Review of Programs of Work and System of Rates and Charges: The rates and charges for the remaining years beyond the first year of any multi-year approval of rates and charges may be modified or repealed by the County if the County determines that the public interest, health, safety or welfare is not being served by the work program activities funded by rates and charges, which determination may include a finding that the activities do not provide an adequate amount of burden offsets, or direct or indirect benefits sufficient to warrant the continuation of the system of rates or charges. Any such modification or repeal shall only apply prospectively, that is for the next year's Program of Work and Rates and Charges Budget.
- 3. <u>Authorized Collection Fees</u>: The King County Treasurer is authorized to deduct one percent of the funds collected, under the system of rates and charges approved by the County, to cover the costs incurred by the County Treasurer and County Assessor in spreading and collecting the rates and charges; provided, however, that any portion of such amount in excess of the actual costs of such work shall be transferred to the District to be used at the discretion of the District.
- 4. <u>Cooperation and Collaboration with the District</u>: Any agency of the County that has expertise which may be of use to the District will make a good faith effort to assist the District, as requested and as resources allow. The Director of the Department of Natural Resources and

Parks or the Director's designee shall constitute the ongoing point of contact to promote periodic communications with the District. The District and the County will work to establish a process that will provide for communications and discussions between the District Board of Supervisors and the County Council. Further, the County and the District desire to work together in collaboration, and the parties recognize that they each may have ongoing research programs, which may be of benefit to each other. The District agrees, in order to avoid duplication of research activities, that before undertaking any research project, it will consult with the County. In the event that the research project is determined by the District and the County to be duplicative, then it shall not be undertaken by the District through the use of funds derived from the system of rates and charges.

IV. MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS:

- A. The parties agree to maintain accounts and records, including personnel, property, financial and programmatic records and other such records as may be deemed necessary by either party to ensure proper accounting for all funds expended from the District's system of rates and charges. All such records shall sufficiently and properly reflect all direct and indirect costs of any nature expended and services provided under this Agreement.
- B. Records shall be maintained for a period of six (6) years after termination hereof unless permission to destroy them is granted by the Office of the Archivist in accordance with Chapter 40.14 RCW, or unless a longer retention period is required by law.

V. AUDITS AND EVALUATION:

- A. To the extent permitted by law, the records and documents of the parties hereto with respect to all matters covered by this Agreement shall be subject to inspection, review, or audit by the other party during the performance of this Agreement and for six (6) years after termination hereof.
- B. The parties will cooperate with each other in order to review and evaluate the procedures used to authorize the system of rates and charges and the services provided under this Agreement. The parties will make available to each other all information reasonably required by any such review and evaluation process. Provided, however, each party may require the other party to submit a formal request for information in accordance with applicable internal policies or law.

VI. EFFECTIVENESS, TERMINATION, AND RETENTION OF FUNDS:

- A. This Agreement shall become effective upon its signature by both the County and the District, and shall terminate on December 31, 2019, unless it is terminated at an earlier date pursuant to Section VI B. of this Agreement.
 - B. This Agreement also shall terminate if:

- 1. The County repeals the District's system of rates and charges in accordance with Section III.B.2, or
- 2. The District requests that the County repeal its system of rates and charges.

Notwithstanding any of these actions, any funds collected by or for the benefit of the District based on a previously adopted system of assessments or system of rates or charges will be used by the District in accordance with the previously submitted Annual Programs of Work, Rates and Charges Budgets, and special assessment budgets.

C. In the event that a legal action is brought challenging the validity of the system of rates and charges, and the County and District determine that such challenge warrants placing some or all of then currently held District funds in a special escrow account to be held by the District pending further legal action, the District agrees to place such amount of funds into the special escrow account until the County and District mutually agree on their release and use.

VII. NONDISCRIMINATION:

Each party shall comply fully with applicable federal, state and local laws, ordinances, executive orders and regulations, which prohibit discrimination.

VIII. DEFENSE AND INDEMNIFICATION:

- A. The District agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County, its elected officials, employees and agents, its appointed and elective officers and employees, from and against all loss or expense, including, but not limited to, judgments, settlements, attorney's fees and costs by reason of any and all claims and demands upon the County, its elected or appointed officials or employees, arising out of any legal action challenging the validity of the system of rates and charges imposed by Ordinance _______.
- B. The District agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County, its elected officials, employees and agents, its appointed and elective officers and employees, from and against all loss or expense, including, but not limited to, judgments, settlements, attorney's fees and costs by reason of any and all claims and demands upon the County, its elected or appointed officials or employees for damages because of personal or bodily injury, including death at any time resulting therefrom, sustained by any person or persons and on account of damage to property including loss of use thereof, whether such injury to persons or damage to property is due to the negligence of the District, his/her subcontractors, its successor or assigns, or its or their agent, servants, or employees, the County, its appointed or elected officers, employees or their agents, except only such injury or damage as shall have been occasioned by the negligence of the County, its appointed or elected officials or employees. With respect to the performance of this Agreement and as to claims against the County, its officers, agent and employees, the District expressly waives any immunity it may have under Washington's Industrial Insurance act, RCW Title 51, for injuries to its employees and agrees that the obligations to defend, indemnify, and hold harmless provided for in this Agreement extend to any claim brought by or on behalf of any employee of the District. The parties acknowledge that these provisions were specifically

negotiated and agreed upon by them. The provisions of this Article VIII shall survive termination of this Agreement.

IX. AMENDMENTS:

Amendments to the terms of this Agreement must be agreed to in writing by each party and be approved by the legislative authority of the County and the District's Board of Supervisors.

X. ENTIRE CONTRACT-WAIVER OF DEFAULT:

The parties hereto agree that this Agreement is a complete expression of the terms hereto and any oral or written representations or understandings not incorporated herein are excluded. Waiver of any default shall not be deemed to be a waiver of any subsequent default. Waiver of breach of any provision of this Agreement shall not be deemed to be a waiver of any other or subsequent breach and shall not be construed to be a modification of the terms of the Agreement unless stated to be such through written approval of the parties to this Agreement. Each party shall carry out its duties under this Agreement in good faith and in accordance with legal requirements.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the particle day of, 201	parties hereto have executed this Agreement on the 4.
King Conservation District	King County
Bill Knutsen	Dow Constantine
Chair, Board of Supervisors	King County Executive
Approved as to Form:	Approved as to Form:
District Legal Counsel	Deputy Prosecuting Attorney

Exhibit A

King Conservation District Program of Work 2015, including Rates and Charges Appropriations Budget 2015

King Conservation District Program of Work 2015

Throughout the second and third quarters of 2013, KCD co-convened with King County a roundtable of local elected officials, senior staff, and rural landowners to examine the natural resource challenges facing our region and the ways in which the conservation approach could best support our one-of-a-kind regional mix of stakeholder needs and challenges. Named the *King Conversation District and King County Conservation Panel and Task Force*, the roundtable developed into a uniquely collaborative and productive process, ultimately resulting in a set of recommendations aimed at resolving historical concerns about KCD's operations and exploring new or expanded programs KCD's partners believed would have broad and effective impact on the neighborhoods and communities that fund and use the King Conservation District.

In 2014, KCD convened a new Advisory Committee as part of its implementation of the TF/CP recommendations. Throughout the spring and summer, the Advisory Committee guided KCD in developing this Program of Work for 2015. KCD is grateful to the members of the Advisory Committee for their dedication and commitment in addressing our region's most urgent natural resource challenges:

- Small Lot Rural Forestry and Urban Tree Canopy
- Sustainable Regional Food System
- Rural Agriculture
- Urban Agriculture
- Shoreline and Riparian Habitat
- Landowner Incentive Program

As well as the following programmatic tools to build and extend partnerships in addressing these priorities:

- Municipal Grant Program
- Community Engagement

King Conservation District 2014 Advisory Committee

	Member	Alternate
King Conservation District	Bill Knutsen Chair, Board of Supervisors	
	Max Prinsen Board of Supervisors	Dick Ryon Board of Supervisors
King County	John Taylor Assistant Division Director	Joan Lee Section Manager Water & Land Resource Division
	Michael Huddleston Municipal Relations Director King County Council	

City of	Kathy Minsch	Melissa Lawrie
Seattle	Regional Liaison	City Budget Office
Seattle Public Utilities		
Equity & Becca Fong		
Social Justice	Director of Environmental	
	Program	
	Seattle Tilth	
City of John Stokes		Alison Bennett
Bellevue	Councilmember	Policy Advisor
Sound Cities Kate Kruller		Hank Myers
Association	Councilmember, City of Tukwila	Councilmember, City of Redmond
	Chris Eggen	Mary Lou Pauly
	Deputy Mayor, City of Shoreline	Councilmember, City of Issaquah
	Jim Berger	Mary Jane Goss
	Mayor, City of Carnation	Mayor, City of Lake Forest Park

	Member		Alternate
Landowners	Nancy Hutto		
		Commissioner	
	King County Ag Commission		
	Sandy Miller		
	Commissioner		
	King County Forest Commission		
	Rural	James Haack President Momentum, Inc.	
	_	Joan McGilton	Terri Butler
	اق		Executive Director
	Urban		Sustainable Seattle
Environmental	Valerie Segrest Representative		Heather Trim
Partners			Science & Policy Director
		Muckleshoot Tribe	Futurewise
H	1	*	

All participants of the Conservation Panel and Task Force emphatically agreed that local food and healthy rural working lands directly contribute to the quality of life in their communities and that every community in the District deserves the opportunity to expand access to both healthy local food and natural resources like trees to all their residents. Building upon the recommendations of the roundtable, KCD has worked with its newly formed working Advisory Committee and ad hoc focus groups of elected officials and other interested parties to develop a more refined response to the recommendations.

It is hoped that this proposed *Program of Work* captures the direction of the KCD Advisory Committee and addresses the priorities identified by the Advisory Committee to implement the recommendations of the Task Force/Conservation Panel.

Overview of Current Programs

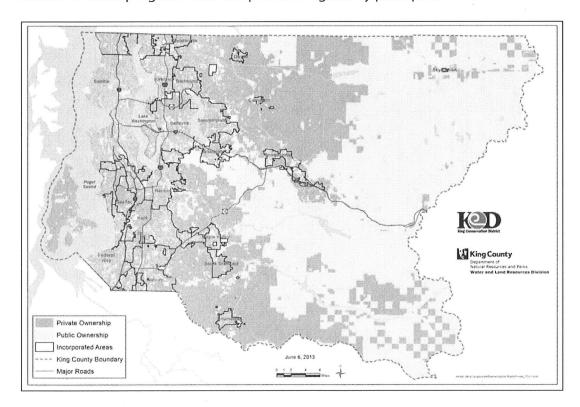
How We Work

The King Conservation District takes an incentive-based approach to stewardship. We provide landowners with technical assistance and incentives to adopt resource conservation practices through a three-pronged approach:

- Education
- Site-specific technical assistance
- Financial incentives, including grants, cost-share, and direct services

Private Lands in King County

There are more than 300,000 parcels in private ownership in King County. The Conservation District's mission is to partner with private citizens to engage in incentive-based programs that complement regulatory principles.



Resource Management Priorities

The King Conservation District's programs and services are organized by the following Resource Management Priorities:

- Forest Health Management & Upland Habitat
- Agricultural Lands
- Economic Viability of Working Lands
- Aquatic Habitat (Freshwater & Marine)
- Water Quality and Quantity

KCD's 2015 Program of Work seeks to address needs across these resource management priorities through program opportunity areas identified by the Conservation Panel/Task Force and refined by the KCD Advisory Committee.

District Background

The King Conservation District was established in 1949 by the Washington Conservation Commission to provide landowners with assistance to protect and enhance natural resources. KCD serves 35 jurisdictions (34 cities and King County) with a combined population of 1.8 million. The District's mission is "to promote the sustainable uses of natural resources through responsible stewardship."

More than 60 years after it was formed, increased urbanization, endangered salmon, loss of forest cover, threats to the health of Puget Sound, increased challenges from stormwater and flooding, and the need for a resilient, sustainable, and equitable food system make the King Conservation District's programs and services essential.

Conservation districts use an "incentive-based" approach to stewardship and employs a service delivery model that is a 3-pronged approach to behavior change:

- Education to foster understanding of voluntary stewardship,
- Direct technical assistance and support services, and
- Financial incentives for landowner and community conservation that benefit the public conservation interests.

KCD collaborates with private landowners, member jurisdictions and nonprofit organizations to provide stewardship services. Because it is an independent, non-regulatory agency, KCD is seen by many landowners as a trusted mentor and partner, providing education, technical assistance, and financial incentives to help people implement measures to improve the sustainability and productivity of their land.

2015 Program Focus Areas

The Conservation Panel and Task Force identified six priority Opportunities they asked the King Conservation District and its Advisory Committee to explore and develop for consideration. The following section outlines KCD's proposal for addressing each of the Opportunities in the context of the organization's natural resource priorities.

Small Lot Rural Forestry and Urban Tree Canopy

Challenge: As climate change and population growth pressures mount, the health

of Pacific Northwest Forests is threatened.

Need: Individual jurisdictions and agencies do not have the resources to

adequately protect our forests without mobilizing private landowners. The demand to train and support owners of small forest properties to

safeguard our regional forest resources is immediate and essential.

The Problem

As recently as 2009, over 45,000 acres of the nearly 782,000 acres of rural non-commercial forest lands outside King County's Agriculture Production Districts were held by landowners of parcels of five acres or less in size. These small, non-commercial forested lands fall outside the capacity of the King County forestry program for support. Yet together, these acres represent a vast resource that contributes to the overall health of our community and offers a timely opportunity to proactively engage private landowners in stewardship.

Healthy trees and forests are just as essential in urban communities. Recent research by King County reveals an alarming drop in urban trees in many communities at a time when more, not fewer, trees are intensely needed: As growth management concentrates development in urban areas and the regional commitment to social justice and

"The combined impacts of increasing wildfire, insect outbreaks, and tree diseases are already causing widespread tree die-off and are virtually certain to cause additional forest mortality by the 2040s."

Climate Change Impacts in the United States - Northwest May, 2014

equity is institutionalized, management and enhancement of healthy urban forests and tree canopies emerges as a necessity. Urban forestry programs are focusing on quality of life indicators and urban heat islands and additionally addressing wildlife habitats in the cities, stormwater management, water quality protection, pollution abatement, and carbon sequestration.

Program

Current Program Outcomes	Proposed Additional Program Outcomes	
Rural - annual	Rural - annual	
 25-40 forested acres treated 2,000-3,000 native trees and shrubs planted \$28,986 private funds leveraged 	 Forest acres treated and planted increased to 225 acres. 18,000-36,000 native trees and shrubs planted on forest land Increase private sector funding leveraged on forest health management to \$144,900 A minimum of 18 small acreage forest landowners engaged in planning and implementing management practices through KCD technical services At least 1 WSU Coached Forest Stewardship Workshop per year in King County. Allocate \$150,000 in KCD LIP forest health management cost-share funding for contracts awarded to small acreage non-industrial private forest landowners to management practices (increase to 10 contracts, and \$60,000 to \$150,000). 	
Urban - annual	Urban - annual	
 6 upland acres treated \$14,500 in plants and other project materials provided to landowners and neighborhood groups through KCD technical service programs for implementation of urban forest/open space enhancement projects. \$144,000 leveraged (mostly in-kind labor) in association with urban forest/open space enhancement projects supported by KCD. 	 Urban forest/upland acres treated and planted increased to 14 acres. Native trees and shrubs planted on urban forest/upland habitat increased to 34,400. Private sector funding leveraged on urban forest/upland health management increased to \$324,400 Facilitate roundtables in three jurisdictions annually to develop tailored urban forest initiatives. Market services and facilitate outreach and educational opportunities to promote the retention and restoration of urban forests; facilitate community forestry activities through technical support. Work with 3 new jurisdictions annually in a support and/or coordination role to plan and implement urban forest retention and restoration programs. Allocate \$150,000 (\$50,000 per jurisdiction) in KCD LIP costshare funding for contracts awarded to urban residents and neighborhood and community groups to implement management practices consistent with urban forest initiatives adopted by the respective jurisdictions. 	

Budget and Staffing

CURRENT:	PROPOSED ADDITION:	PROPOSED TOTAL:
.14 FTE	2 FTE	2.14 FTE
	1 AmeriCorps Intern	1 AmeriCorps Intern
	°	
\$17,430*	\$302,224*	\$319,654*

^{*}includes all costs including-salaries, cost-share, infrastructure, program delivery, etc.

Sustainable Regional Food System

Challenge:

The Local Food System should connect healthy food consumption with healthy local farming practices, but it is under stress:

- Food deserts and a lack of access to healthy food in our underserved communities are growing concerns.
- The ability of farmers to launch, sustain, and expand local production, and to invest in long term conservation practices, is threatened by an already low-return business that has experienced steady declines in revenues for over a decade.
- At the same time, we are asking farmers to be leaders in helping to solve public natural resource crises, including salmon recovery, water quality, and climate change.

NEED: Significant, regional investments throughout the food system to: improve food access, invest in local food system as an economic growth sector, begin to address storage and processing obstacles, strengthen direct market connections at farmers markets, CSAs, and more. A healthy local food system means healthier people, healthier farms, and healthier natural resources.

The Problem

Strengthening the regional food economy was perhaps the most discussed and ultimately the highest priority of the 2013 King Conservation District/King County Conservation Panel and Task Force. The discussion focused on enhancing the regional food system through a combination of initiatives, grants, and synergy with existing or expanded KCD services.

King County farmers produced \$120 million worth of food in 2012, down from \$127 million in 2007, ranking 18th of the state's 39 counties. King County consumers, however, spend \$6 billion on food, including \$600 million on raw food. Demand for fresh locally-grown food is growing, but social, economic, and infrastructural obstacles stand in the way. Price points for food that deliver a living wage to farmers while remaining affordable to a broad consumer base prove elusive in the absence of some market intervention. Processing and storage facilities are few, creating farm-to-market challenges for small farmers. Institutional buyers such as hospitals and school districts have not yet embraced local suppliers in a meaningful way.

"By addressing food system issues systematically, the region can protect agricultural land, promote fresh food consumption, and support local food and farm based business to improve the health of the local food economy."

- Puget Sound Regional Council - VISION 2040

These obstacles suggest a need for public sector innovation. Though local food stories are ubiquitous and celebrated chefs increasingly highlight sustainability and seasonality in their menus and preparation, the fact remains that farmers are, paradoxically, simply not sharing in

the renaissance. The most recent survey of King County farmers found that incomes in the sector are declining.

The King Conservation District is uniquely positioned to coordinate and leverage a range of projects, programs, and services we and our partners are already well-equipped to deploy.

The Future

We propose to work with our member jurisdictions, King County, Seattle Tilth, Cascade Harvest Coalition, Pike Place Market, the Puget Sound Regional Food Council, and others across the food system spectrum to reduce obstacles on the farm, during processing and storage, within distribution channels, and at market. We will build on existing success, such as Seattle Tilth's Farm Works in Auburn, and work together to innovate new pilot programs to learn from and adapt.

Program

Current Program Outcomes	Proposed Additional Program Outcomes
 Currently, KCD is involved in a variety of regional roundtables and policy bodies examining ways to grow and maintain a sustainable agricultural economy. KCD is partnering with the City of Auburn, Auburn International Farmers Market, Seattle Tilth, Auburn Food Bank, and Washington CAN to implement Good Food Bag Market Bucks for low-income shoppers to use at the Farmers Market this summer. 	 KCD proposes to develop and administer a robust program of grants and services that address the following regional goals: Improve food access Invest in local food system as an economic growth sector Begin to address storage and processing obstacles Strengthen direct market connections at farmers markets Expand CSAs

Budget and Staff

CURRENT:	PROPOSED ADDITION:	PROPOSED TOTAL:
.2 FTE	2 FTE	2.2 FTE
	,	
\$20,880*	\$1,075,620*	\$1,096,500*

^{*}includes all costs including-salaries, cost-share, infrastructure, program delivery, etc.

Rural Agriculture

Challenge:

Farms can have key roles in solving regional and national natural resource concerns associated with water quality (Clean Water Act, 303d listings, TMDLs), salmon recovery (ESA listings and recovery plans), carbon sequestration to offset climate change impacts, and more. At current rates of funding, progress on solving these concerns is slower than desired.

Need:

Precision targeting of technical support to address these concerns and technical assistance to remove barriers to farmer adoption of recommended best management practices (BMPs) through:

- increased farmer awareness of their potential role,
- consistent access to technical support to design and install best management practices, and
- financial assistance in some cases to offset high project costs, especially for BMPs with little to no farm return on investment.

The Problem

United States Department of Agriculture statistics show that King County farmers produced \$120 million worth of Agricultural products in 2012. About \$90 million of that total are food products. The county ranks 18th in value of agricultural production of the state's 39 counties. King County consumers spend \$6 billion on food.

Farmers are the stewards of over 60,000 acres of farmed and farmable lands in King County. Enabling their stewardship of our shared water, soil, and habitat resources requires supporting those efforts in

"The agricultural lands within the region are among the most productive in the state, and the loss of good quality farmland has implications for air quality, water quality and quantity, and the region's self-sufficiency."

-The Puget Sound Regional Council

meaningful ways. Placing expensive regulatory burdens on farmers without committing the technical and financial resources to help land managers implement environmental practices runs the very real risk of losing that farmland to bankruptcy, abandonment, or development.

Conservation Districts play an important role in mitigating the effects of our changing climate. For example an acre of pasture can sequester an average of 280 tons of CO2 annually. Using sustainable techniques such as those provided by the King Conservation District, this sequestration can be increased by over 2.5 tons/ acre annually. This means that over 90,000 additional tons of CO2 can be sequestered on the county's 20,000 acres of pastureland annually.

The Future

King Conservation District proposes to increase its support of rural farmers through both increasing the number of plans to self-selected clients as well as expand current pilot efforts on sub-basin targeting to improve water, soil, and habitat quality in watersheds that exhibit poor benchmarks.

Program

Current Program Outcomes Proposed Additional Program Outcomes Develop a multi-year plan to deploy targeted farm Serving 150 farming customers (90% result in planning services approach county wide to targeted site visits to assess natural resource concerns natural resource concern areas . eg - Targeting water and solutions) quality impaired sub-basins with significant commercial Delivering 67 farm plans for 1000+ acres farming land use (20% regulatory referral; 25% Current Use/ PBRS Targeting 1 natural resource concern area for referral; 55% stewardship only) outreach each 2 years, ensuring a comprehensive Following up on 160 plans to document approach to conservation implementation, which includes support Serving 50 farming customers in targeted natural navigating County, State, and Federal resource areas (90% result in site visits to assess natural permitting systems resource concerns and solutions) annually Providing technical support to dairy Delivering 20 farm plans in targeted natural resource operators and the Washington State Dairy areas annually Association (WSDA) in association with WSDA nutrient management compliance inspections. About 15 inspections per year Assisting 30 farms with manure spreader loan program annually, promoting the beneficial use of manure as a fertilizer at agronomic rates, minimizing water quality impacts of stock piling manure.

Budget and Staff

CURRENT:	PROPOSED ADDITION:	PROPOSED TOTAL:
5.36 FTE	1.6 FTE	6.96 FTE
\$571,885*	\$153,929*	\$725,814*

^{*}includes all costs including-salaries, cost-share, infrastructure, program delivery, etc.

Urban Agriculture

Challenge: An equitable local food economy includes urban food production, both

commercial and personal. Urban farmers and gardeners have unique needs for land stewardship guidance to ensure a viable, diverse local food system that cares for our soils and waters for future generations.

Need: Existing urban agricultural organizations are under-funded to meet the

demand to develop sustainable urban small-lot food production and provide training and support for low-income and immigrant populations, who would benefit most from expanded urban agricultural opportunities.

The Problem

Food deserts exist within the City of Seattle and parts of south King County. Food deserts are defined by the US Department of Agriculture as urban neighborhoods and rural towns without ready access to fresh, healthy, and affordable food. Instead of supermarkets and grocery stores, these communities may have no food access or are served only by fast food restaurants and convenience stores that offer few healthy, affordable food options. The lack of access contributes to a poor diet and can lead to higher levels of obesity and other dietrelated diseases, such as diabetes and heart disease.

Part of the solution is to strengthen farms across King County and develop better transportation, storage, and processing infrastructure. Another part of a healthy local food system is to develop opportunities to grow fresh food within urban boundaries, especially in communities that are transit-dependent, low-income, or comprised of primarily immigrant populations.

Agriculture in urban areas provides exposure, outreach, and connections for urban residents to connect to the agricultural economy, the food system, and the environment through their placement within dense communities. Urban farmers benefit from lower transportation costs for themselves and their products, as well as community based support. These factors make urban agriculture a more viable option for low income and immigrant communities that can benefit this proximity to community support and the consumer market.

The Future

We propose to work with our member jurisdictions, King County, Seattle Tilth, Cascade Harvest Coalition, Pike Place Market, the Puget Sound Regional Food Council, and others across the food system spectrum to identify strategies to develop urban agricultural opportunities. We will build on "1 in 5 children in King County is food insecure."

Communities Count, 2012

existing success, such as Seattle Tilth's Farm Works in Auburn and Rainier Beach Urban Farm and Wetlands in south Seattle as models of success and work together to innovate new pilot programs to learn from and adapt.

Program

Current Program Outcomes	Proposed Additional Program Outcomes
 Serve up to 5 urban farm service customers annually Deliver 1-5 urban livestock-related farm plans annually (for regulatory compliance) Participate in regional food system coordination initiatives (as available) Provide soil testing support to over 500 new urban farmer/ gardeners annually to promote sound water quality related soil fertility management (this service has been growing steadily since starting in 2007) 	 Assess regional need for urban farming-related natural resource planning support through coordination with member jurisdictions and the KCD Advisory Committee Continue to market and expand soil fertility services to promote responsible fertilizer practices (Increase gardener involvement by at least 100 more new gardeners annually) Coordinate urban farm planning services with coordinated regional food system initiatives with member cities and county Develop soil testing program and customers into a more comprehensive urban conservation program focused on growing healthy local food and protecting and enhancing urban water quality Develop 20 Urban Farm Plans per year. Plans will be developed across the District so that by year 5, at least 1-2 urban farm plans will be developed in every member jurisdiction.

Budget and Staff

CURRENT:	PROPOSED ADDITION:	PROPOSED TOTAL:	
.05 FTE	1.6 FTE		1.65 FTE
\$13,871*	\$177,929*		\$191,800*

^{*}includes all costs including-salaries, cost-share, infrastructure, program delivery, etc.

Shorelines and Riparian Habitat

Challenge: Efforts to restore the health of Puget Sound need the participation of

private landowners who collectively own 2/3 of the shorelines.

Landowner driven protection of our region's streams, rivers, lakes, wetlands, and marine shorelines will contribute to salmon runs and

the overall health of Puget Sound.

Need: Individual jurisdictions and agencies do not have the resources to

recover the health of aquatic systems without mobilizing private landowners. The demand for workshops, classes, tours, train-the-trainer, and one-on-one assistance is immediate and essential.

The Problem

A century of intensive logging, agriculture and urban development have degraded aquatic habitats throughout King County where more than 2/3 of the shoreline properties are held in private ownership. In 1999, Chinook salmon were listed as threatened under the Endangered Species Act, prompting concerted efforts to restore and protect lakes, rivers and streams. Concern for the health of Puget Sound has focused increased attention on shoreline and near shore habitats. Working closely with private property owners whose lands abut freshwater and marine aquatic systems is an essential component of recovering the health of these systems. Support for increased educational assistance and capacity-building among shoreline property owners was recommended by the King Conservation District / King County Conservation Panel and Task Force.

King Conservation District engaged participants in an exploration of the challenges facing aquatic habitats in the District. King County's landscape is a diverse mosaic of mountains, forests, rivers, lakes, and marine habitats. The district's service area

includes approximately 2,100 square miles of land, plus nearly 2,000 miles of freshwater and marine shorelines. Major watersheds include Cedar River-Lake Washington, Green-Duwamish, Sammamish, Snoqualmie-Skykomish, White River, and Central Puget Sound, including Vashon-Maury Island.

"The conservation and management of freshwater ecosystems are critical to the interests of all humans, nations, and governments."

Freshwater Institute, University of Washington, 2014

Program

Current Program Outcomes	Proposed Additional Program Outcomes	
 1.82 miles of shoreline replanted and enhanced annually. 23.5 acres of riparian corridor replanted and enhanced annually. 57,589 native trees and shrubs planted annually 549 landowners, neighborhood groups and jurisdictions utilizing KCD technical service programs annually for implementation of aquatic area planting and enhancement practices. 1 KCD LIP cost-share contract awarded annually to landowners, neighborhood groups and jurisdictions for implementation of aquatic area planting and enhancement practices. 	 3.6 miles of shoreline replanted and enhanced annually. 47 acres of riparian corridor replanted and enhanced annually. 115,100 native trees and shrubs planted annually A minimum of 220 freshwater aquatic area landowners engaged annually in learning about, planning and implementing aquatic area planting and enhancement practices A minimum of 120 marine shoreline aquatic area landowners engaged annually in learning about, planning and implementing aquatic area planting and enhancement practices. Increase to 20 the number of freshwater aquatic area planting and enhancement projects planned and implemented by KCD, thereby restoring a minimum of 5 acres and 1.8 miles per year on a combination of urban and rural residential lands Increase to 8 the number of Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program projects planned and implemented per year, thereby restoring a minimum of 6 acres and 1.5 miles per year on agricultural lands. Allocate \$112,500 annually in KCD LIP cost-share funding for contracts awarded to freshwater and marine aquatic area landowners to implement freshwater and marine shoreline planting and enhancement practices in urban and rural areas (an increase from 1 to 10 contracts, and \$11,250 to \$112,500). 	

Budget and Staff

CURRENT:	PROPOSED ADDITION:	PROPOSED TOTAL:
5 FTE	2 FTE	7 FTE
.25 AmeriCorps Intern	1 AmeriCorps Intern	1.25 AmeriCorps Intern
1 WA Conservation Corps Crew	1 WA Conservation Corps	2 WA Conservation Corps Crew
	Crew	
		*
\$674,594*	\$603,992*	\$1,278,586*

^{*}includes all costs including-salaries, cost-share, infrastructure, program delivery, etc.

Landowner Incentive Program

Challenge: Private landowners own nearly 50% of the land within the boundary of

the King Conservation District. Engaging the private landowners in natural resource protection and enhancement is critical to supporting

an economically and environmentally sustainable region.

Need: Private landowners need support to meet the region's expectation that

common resources on private property, such as water quality and fish

and wildlife habitat, be protected and enhanced for public benefit.

The Problem

The King Conservation District traditionally works with private property owners in all settings to assist them in protecting, conserving and enhancing natural resources. The KCD Landowner Incentive Program promotes stewardship of natural resources by providing funding in the form of cost-share awards to support landowner implementation of natural resource management practices. Cost-share awards are a common financial incentive tool utilized by entities seeking to promote behavior change through the adoption of emerging and/or current priority management practice. Examples include the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Farm Bill conservation programs and public health department septic system upgrade programs. Cost-share awards through these programs are contractual arrangements between the funding entity and the recipient landowner. Such contracts typically specify an approved activity with implementation criteria, a reimbursement amount or ratio, and in some cases performance measures.

SHORELINE AND LIP WORK TOGETHER TO

IMPROVE WATER QUALITY KCD has been cooperatively restoring the Brandon Street Natural Area with the Seattle Parks Department for many years. One adjacent landowner, seeing the results of work being done, sought and received both technical assistance through the KCD aquatic area enhancement program and funds through the KCD Landowner Incentive Program to install a native plant buffer on their portion of Longfellow Creek. This backyard riparian habitat enhancement project has expanded the total area of Longfellow Creek that has been enhanced with native plants and is contributing to improved water quality conditions in the water body.

Program

Proposed Additional Program Outcomes Current Program Outcomes 1.8 miles of shoreline Allocate \$150,000 annually in KCD LIP forest health management enhanced since cost-share funding for contracts to small acreage non-industrial inception. private forest landowners to implemented management practices (an increase to 10 contracts, and to \$150,000). 11.5 acres of riparian Allocate \$150,000 annually (\$50,000 per jurisdiction) in KCD LIP corridor enhanced since inception. cost-share funding for contracts to urban residents and neighborhood and community groups to implement forest 141.5 acres of forest in active forest health management practices adopted by the respective jurisdictions (an increase to 15 contracts, and \$150,000). management since inception. Allocate \$112,500 annually in KCD LIP cost-share funding for contracts awarded to freshwater and marine aquatic area 190 landowners landowners to implement freshwater and marine shoreline engaged in planting and enhancement practices in urban and rural areas (an stewardship practice increase to 10 contracts, and to \$112,500). implementation since inception. Allocate \$250,000 annually in KCD LIP cost-share funding for contracts awarded to agricultural landowners to implement agricultural related water quality protection and enhancement 256 cost-share practices, agriculture land drainage ditch maintenance practices, contracts awarded water conserving irrigation practices, and other practices that since inception. improve resource management and protections on agriculture lands (an increase from 24 to 40 contracts, and \$150,000 to \$250,000).

Budget and Staff

Current	.67 FTE \$200,000 cost-share	Proposed Addition 1 FTE \$456,250 cost-share	Proposed Total 1.67 FTE \$656,250 cost-share
	\$277,306*	\$559,876*	\$837,182*

^{*}includes all costs including-salaries, cost-share, infrastructure, program delivery, etc.

Grant Program

The District will continue to award Member Jurisdiction grants for natural resource improvement projects to partners such as cities, community organizations, and tribes and will work with those partners to increase communication about the District programs and opportunities for partnership. In addition, the District will continue to manage previously awarded Member Jurisdiction and WRIA Forum grants, as it has in the past, until those projects are completed.

Community Engagement

The District proposes to build on the relationships and partnerships it has developed and expanded through the Conservation Panel and Task Force processes and to continue to involve its Advisory Committee in the meaningful way it has established in 2014. In addition, KCD proposes to expand its community engagement programs and services to identify and pursue greater partnerships. Continued and expanded Community Engagement includes:

- Regular working sessions with the KCD Advisory Committee
- Formation and support of ad hoc topical sub-committees for policy development and troubleshooting
- Continued outreach to cities including City Council Presentations
- Presentations to non-profits organizations
- Regular briefings to County Council members and/or committees
- Support and engagement in regional natural resource events and conferences
- Support for Envirothon and other youth natural resource education programs
- Continued distribution of KCD monthly electronic newsletter and email updates
- Continued updating and development of the KCD website
- Engagement with community print and electronic media
- Paid media

PROPOSED RATES & CHARGES APPROPRIATIONS BUDGET 2015

The District's budget for 2015 was developed in partnership with the King Conservation District Advisory Committee. The 2015 Budget (Exhibit A) shows the cost of services both by District's program and by resource management priority

Exhibit A: King Conservation District 2015 Budget

Drogram/Candia	Total	Natural Resource Priorities/Benefits (Cost per Program Group)						
Program/Service	Total	Farm And Ag. Lands	Forestry Health	Upland Habitat	Aquatic Habitat (Freshwater & Marine)	Water Quality & Quantity (Storm Water, Flooding)	Economic Support to Working Lands	Total %
Forestry	\$ 319,654		45%	25%	10%	10%	10%	100%
Food & Farming -Local Food System	\$ 1,096,500	25%			5%	5%	65%	100%
-Urban Farm Planning	\$ 191,800	35%		5%	10%	40%	10%	100%
-Rural Farm Planning	\$ 725,814	35%		5%	20%	30%	10%	100%
Shorelines	\$ 1,278,586	15%	5%	5%	50%	25%		100%
LIP	\$ 837,182	15%	5%	5%	50%	25%		100%
Member Jurisdiction Grants	\$ 1,296,507	22%	1%	23%	31%	22%	1%	100%
Community Engagement	\$ 404,999	15%	10%	5%	20%	20%	30%	100%
TOTAL	\$ 6,151042		J					

Exhibit B

King Conservation District Rate Study Report July 2014

King Conservation District



RATE STUDY REPORT

July 2014

FCS GROUP

7525 166th Avenue NE, Suite D-215 Redmond, WA 98052 T: 425.867.1802 | F: 425.867.1937

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SECTION I: INTRODUCTION

RCW 89.08.405 provides the legal authority for conservation districts to fix rates and charges to recover district costs. Section 89.08.405(3)(a) states:

"The system of rates and charges may include an annual per acre amount, an annual per parcel amount, or an annual per parcel amount plus an annual per acre amount. If included in the system of rates and charges, the maximum annual per acre rate or charge shall not exceed ten cents per acre. The maximum annual per parcel rate shall not exceed five dollars, except that for counties with a population of over one million five hundred thousand persons (i.e., King County) the maximum annual per parcel rate shall not exceed ten dollars."

A rate is a charge intended to recover the cost of public programs based on services received or negative impacts customers impose. In a "rate construct" the services received and the impacts charged for may be indirect. Further, the rate may show consideration for "services furnished, to be furnished, or available to the landowner" or "benefits received, to be received, or available to the property" in addition to other factors.

The following section provides a summary of King Conservation District's 2015 rate analysis. The goal of the update is to ensure that the rate structure and supporting rate equitably recover program costs within the constraints defined by RCW 89.08. An additional scenario has been developed to allow consideration of waterfront parcels as a separate rate class. This analysis is summarized at the end of section II.



SECTION II: RATE ANALYSIS

The King Conservation District (KCD) rate structure features distinct rates by land use, based on the services/benefits received from District programs. The cost of each District program, or Natural Resource Priority, is subject to a two-step allocation process to establish unit costs – the building blocks of rate development. Each priority cost is first allocated between direct and indirect service/benefit provided. Cost recovery is then allocated among customer classes based on the comparative amount of service/benefit enjoyed by each customer class from the resource priority. The technical analysis in its entirety is provided in Appendix A.

A. GENERAL APPROACH

In order to facilitate application of the rate approach for 2015, KCD staff split programs/services into six Natural Resource Priorities (NRPs): Farm and Agriculture Lands, Forestry, Upland Habitat, Aquatic Habitat, Water Quality and Quantity, and Economic Support to Working Lands. Each NRP included eight programs: Local Food System; Rural Farm Planning Services; Urban Farm Planning Services; Forestry Services (Urban/Rural); Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural); Jurisdiction-Focused Fund; Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee; and Landowner Incentive Program. The Natural Resource Priorities and the services/benefits they provide are further defined below:

Farm & Agriculture Lands	Help farmers steward and protect Farm & Ag lands for current and future use. Nexus with soil stabilization and health, water quality and quantity, critical areas stewardship, and flood control.
Forestry	Help forest landowners enhance ecosystem functions and values of forest cover. Forest nexus with water and air quality, flood control, and soil stabilization.
Upland Habitat	Help landowners enhance ecosystem functions and values of upland habitat. Upland habitat nexus with biodiversity, air and water quality, flood control, soil stabilization, and recreation.
Aquatic Habitat	Help landowners protect and enhance marine and freshwater aquatic resources. Nexus with shorelines, shellfish, food web and water quality. Significant indirect benefit to all rate payers.
Water Quality and Quantity	Help landowners/manage protect and enhance water quality and quantity. (Stormwater, flooding, nutrient and bacteria, temperature, dissolved oxygen). Significant indirect benefit to all rate payers.
Economic Support to Working Lands	Support and strengthen development of economic markets for local agricultural and wood, and special forest products production. Such as Farmers Markets, Puget Sound Grown/Puget Sound Fresh, Farmlink, Salmon Safe.



Using the collective expertise and judgment of KCD staff and the consultant, each program/service cost was allocated between direct and indirect benefits provided. These decisions were reached after much discussion and based on the specific benefits each program/service provides. Most services provided by the District are of indirect benefit. Service costs assigned to direct benefit represent unique services that specifically target a subset of the customer base.

The direct and indirect benefit costs of each program/service were then allocated to each land use category. Each customer class was evaluated for the level of service/benefit received: no benefit, partial benefit compared to other classes, or full proportional benefit received.

The chart below shows how these steps were followed for each Natural Resource Priority.

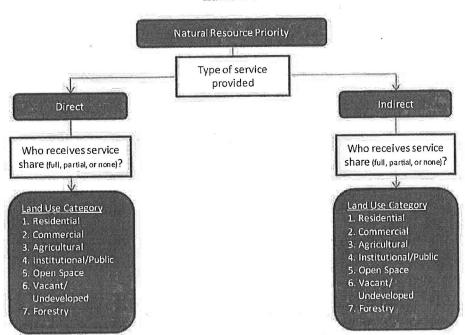


Exhibit 1

The allocations for each program/service between direct and indirect benefits were informed by the Earth Economics Report Special Benefit from Ecosystem Services: Economic Assessment of the King Conservation District¹ which states that "approximately 1% of the total value provided by ecosystems is excludable benefit to the landowner." The report also explains that "over 98% of the total economic value provided by healthy ecosystems is in the form of non-excludable services or special benefits that landowners share with others."

Consistent with this analysis, the majority of programs/services and their associated costs were allocated as 1% direct and 99% indirect. In contrast, all programs/services within Economic Support to Working Lands as well as Rural Farm Planning Services and Urban Farm Planning Services within Farm and Agriculture Lands were allocated as 25% direct and 75% indirect. These specific programs/services were deemed to be directed more specifically at those receiving the

Pittman, J. & Batker, D. (2006). Special Benefit from Ecosystem Services: Economic Assessment of the King Conservation District. Tacoma, WA: Earth Economics. Retrieved July 11, 2012 from http://www.eartheconomics.org/FileLibrary/file/Reports/KCD_Special_Benefit_Analysis.pdf

service/benefit, but still greatly of benefit to others indirectly. A number of other programs/services that were deemed to have some increased direct benefit to the property owner were allocated 5% direct and 95% indirect, including all Landowner Incentive Programs (other than in Economic Support to Working Lands), Forestry Services (Urban/Rural) in both Forestry and Upland Habitat, and Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural) in Aquatic Habitat.

B. BUDGET

The 2015 KCD budget, totaling \$6,151,042, was split and allocated as shown in the following table.

Exhibit 2

2015 Budget	Total Cost	Allocation Basis
Farm and Agriculture Lands		
Local Food System	\$ 274,125	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Rural Farm Planning Services	254,035	25% Direct / 75% Indirect
Urban Farm Planning Services	67,130	25% Direct / 75% Indirect
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)	*	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)	127,859	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	281,342	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	81,000	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Landowner Incentive Program	209,296	5% Direct / 95% Indirect
Subtotal	\$ 1,294,786	
Forestry	\$	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Local Food System	3 3	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Rural Farm Planning Services		1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Urban Farm Planning Services	159,827	5% Direct / 95% Indirect
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural) Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)	13,027	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
	11,669	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	60,750	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Landowner Incentive Program	209,296	5% Direct / 95% Indirect
Subtotal	\$ 441,541	
Upland Habitat		
Local Food System	\$.	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Rural Farm Planning Services	36,291	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Urban Farm Planning Services	9,590	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)	159,827	5% Direct / 95% Indirect
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)	241	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	302,086	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	20,250	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Landowner Incentive Program	58,603	5% Direct / 95% Indirect
Subtotal	\$ 586,647	
Aquatic Habitat (Fresh and Marine)		27
Local Food System	\$ 54,825	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Rural Farm Planning Services	145,163	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Urban Farm Planning Services	19,180	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)		1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)	575,364	5% Direct / 95% Indirect
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	400,621	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	81,000	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
*Landowner Incentive Program	150,693	5% Direct / 95% Indirect
Subtotal	\$ 1,426,845	
Water Quality and Quantity (Stormwater, Flooding, etc.)	A #4.00=	10/ Disport / 000/ Indiana
Local Food System	\$ 54,825	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Rural Farm Planning Services	217,744	1% Direct / 99% Indirect 1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Urban Farm Planning Services	76,720	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)	E7E 26A	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)	575,364	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	285,232	1% Direct / 99% Indirect
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	40,500 209,296	5% Direct / 95% Indirect
Landowner Incentive Program Subtotal	\$ 1,459,680	JAN DIRECT 93/0 HIGH CCL
	2,730,000	
Economic Support to Working Lands Local Food System	\$ 712,725	25% Direct / 75% Indirect
Rural Farm Planning Services	72,581	25% Direct / 75% Indirect
and the state of t	19,180	25% Direct / 75% Indire
Urban Farm Planning Services Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)		
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)		25% Direct / 75% Indirect
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	15,558	
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	121,500	25% Direct / 75% Indire
Landowner Incentive Program	121,500	25% Direct / 75% Indirect
Subtotal	\$ 941,544	



C. CUSTOMER BASE

The King County parcel file has been used to determine the number of chargeable parcels available to KCD. When charging a rate, it is recommended to charge all those who receive service/benefit. The only exceptions include timber and forest land, which are effectively precluded from per parcel rates under current statute language and have not been calculated otherwise in this rate study. Other exemptions are for split parcels (that would effectively be charged twice), certain parcel types that are reference only, and cities that have not opted in to KCD, including Enumclaw, Federal Way, Milton, Pacific and Skykomish.

The parcel data provided by King County identifies dozens of current land uses. Customer types were grouped into seven land use categories: Residential, Commercial, Agricultural, Institutional/Public, Vacant/Undeveloped, Open Space and Forestry. These land use categories were based on the present use of each parcel, available in the King County Parcel data file. As described above, these land use categories were evaluated based on direct and indirect benefits received and were allocated costs assuming no benefit, partial benefit compared to other classes, or full proportional benefit compared to other classes.

D. RATE CALCULATION

As described above, each line item in the budget was allocated based on the direct or indirect service/benefit provided, and then allocated among customer classes based on the comparative amount of service/benefit received. Resulting per parcel rates range from \$7.8201 for Vacant/Undeveloped parcels to \$10.1582 for Agricultural parcels. All calculated rates can be seen in the following table.

Exhibit 3

Calculated Rates and Revenue Reconciliation

Land Use Category	culated Per Parcel	No. of Parcels	тот	`AL Revenue
Residential	\$ 9.6004	580,469	\$	5,572,715
Commercial '	\$ 9.3781	19,187	\$	179,937
Agricultural	\$ 10.1582	121	\$	1,229
Institutional / Public	\$ 9.4012	2,799	\$	26,314
Vacant / Undeveloped	\$ 7.8201	44,705	\$	349,598
Open Space	\$ 9.0691	2,343	\$	21,249
Forested	\$ 	1985 1	\$	
TOTAL		649,624	\$	6,151,042

E. RATE ADJUSTMENT

The rates shown above would cover all budgeted costs, but would exceed the ten dollar per parcel limit prescribed in RCW 89.08.405. To conform to this cap, the highest rate was decreased to ten dollars and the others decreased proportionately. When the rates were decreased, the lowest per parcel rate was \$7.6983 for Vacant/Undeveloped parcels. All reduced rates can be seen in the following table.



Exhibit 4

Rates to be Charged and Revenue Calculation (BASED ON MAXIMUM RATE)

Maximum Allowable Rates	P \$	er Parcel 10.0000			
Land Use Category	1	alculated s Per Parcel	No. of Parcels	тот	'AL Revenue
Residential	\$	9.4509	580,469	\$	5,485,942
Commercial	\$	9.2320	19,187	\$	177,135
Agricultural	\$	10.0000	121	\$	1,210
Institutional / Public	\$	9.2548	2,799	\$	25,904
Vacant / Undeveloped	\$	7.6983	44,705	\$	344,154
Open Space	\$	8.9279	2,343	\$	20,918
Forested	Ś	: 40 €	-	\$	

F. REVENUE FORECAST

TOTAL

Due to the rate cap, costs will have to be cut to match the maximum forecasted revenue. The estimated revenue loss can be seen in the following table.

Exhibit 5

Estimated Revenue Loss

Land Use Category	Calculated Rates Per Parcel			
Residential	\$	(0.1495)		
Commercial	\$	(0.1460)		
Agricultural	\$	· (0.1582)		
Institutional / Public	\$	(0.1464)		
Vacant / Undeveloped	\$	(0.1218)		
Open Space	\$	(0.1412)		
Forested	\$			
TOTAL				

No. of Parcels	TOTA	TOTAL Revenue		
580,469	\$	(86,773		
19,187	\$	(2,802		
121	\$	(19		
2,799	\$	(410		
44,705	\$	(5,444		
2,343	\$	(331		
, iii	\$			
649,624	\$	(95,779		

649,624

6,055,263

G. WATERFRONT SCENARIO

An additional scenario was run in which separate rate classes were created for waterfront properties based on the assumption that waterfront property may disproportionately benefit from certain District services.

The allocations between direct and indirect service/benefit were unchanged for all programs except for the Landowner Incentive Programs in both the Aquatic Habitat and Water Quality and Quantity NRPs, as well as Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural) in the Aquatic Habitat NRP. These three services were reallocated as 1% direct and 99% indirect in order to avoid over charging parcels segregated for direct service received (i.e., waterfront parcels) -- previously included with all other property. The technical analysis with waterfront distinctions is provided in Appendix B.

Distinctions added steps to the allocation among customer classes for both the Aquatic Habitat and Water Quality and Quantity NRPs. Program costs that were split between direct and indirect service/benefit were further allocated among customer classes for both waterfront and not waterfront designations based on the comparative amount of service/benefit received by each customer class.

The rate calculation for this scenario is summarized in Exhibit 6. Application of the \$10.00 rate cap resulted in the reduced rates shown in Exhibit 7. Exhibit 8 shows the amount of revenue that would be lost in this scenario.

Exhibit 6

Calculated Rates and Revenue Reconciliation

Land Use Category	Calculated Rates Per Parcel					
cana osc category	Not Waterfront		Waterfront			
Residential	\$	9.5960	\$	9.6396		
Commercial	\$	9.3737	\$	9.4173		
Agricultural	\$	10.1538	\$	10.1974		
Institutional / Public	\$	9.3968	\$	9,4404		
Vacant / Undeveloped	\$	7.8685	\$	7.8685		
Open Space	\$	9.0647	\$	9.1084		
Forested	\$	₩.	\$	¥5		
TOTAL						

No. of F	arcels
Not Waterfront	Waterfront
569,961	10,508
18,658	529
112	9
2,745	54
41,461	3,244
2,090	253
47	*
635,027	14,597

	Rev	enue	Reconciliat	ion	
Not	Waterfront	W	Waterfront		TOTAL
\$	5,469,327	\$	101,293	\$	5,570,621
\$	174,894	\$	4,982	\$	179,876
\$	1,137	\$	92	\$	1,229
\$	25,794	\$	510	\$	26,304
\$	326,237	\$	25,526	\$	351,763
\$	18,945	\$	2,304	\$	21,250
\$	*!	\$.	\$:52
\$	6,016,335	\$	134,707	\$	6,151,042

Exhibit 7

Rates to be Charged and Revenue Calculation (BASED ON MAXIMUM RATE)

Maximum Allowable	Per Parcel
Rates	\$ 10.0000

Land Use Category	Calculated Rates Per Parcel					
rand ose category	Not Waterfront		Waterfront			
Residential	\$	9,4102	\$	9.4530		
Commercial	\$	9.1922	\$	9.2350		
Agricultural	\$	9.9572	\$	10.0000		
Institutional / Public	\$	9.2148	\$	9.2576		
Vacant / Undeveloped	\$	7.7162	\$	7.7162		
Open Space	\$	8.8892	\$	8.9320		
Forested	\$		\$. V		
TOTAL						

No. of Parcels				
Not Waterfront	Waterfront			
569,961	10,508			
18,658	529			
112	9			
2,745	54			
41,461	3,244			
2,090	253			
¥	<u> </u>			
635,027	14,597			

	Rev	/enue	e Reconcillat	ion	
Nat	Not Waterfront		aterfront		TOTAL
\$	5,363,429	\$	99,332	\$	5,462,761
\$	171,508	\$	4,885	\$	176,393
\$	1,115	\$	90	\$	1,205
\$	25,295	\$	500	\$	25,795
\$	319,921	\$	25,031	\$	344,952
\$	18,578	\$	2,260	\$	20,838
\$		\$	(a)	\$	(*)
\$	5.899.845	5	132.098	5	6.031.944

Exhibit 8

Estimated Revenue Loss

Land Use Category	Calculated Rates Per Parcel					
Land Use, Category	Not Waterfront		Waterfront			
Residential	\$	(0.1858)	\$	(0.1866)		
Commercial	\$	(0.1815)	\$	(0.1823)		
Agricultural	\$	(0.1966)	\$	(0.1974)		
Institutional / Public	\$	(0.1819)	\$	(0.1828)		
Vacant / Undeveloped	\$	(0.1524)	\$	(0.1524)		
Open Space	\$	(0.1755)	\$	(0.1764)		
Forested	5		\$	ë.		
TOTAL						

Na. of F	arcels
Not Waterfront	Waterfront
569,961	10, 508
18,658	529
112	9
2,745	54
41,461	3,244
2,090	253
8 3	*/;
635,027	14,597

	Rev	enue	Reconciliat	ion	
Not	Waterfront	Wa	iterfront		TOTAL
\$	(105,899)	\$	(1,961)	\$	(107,860)
\$	(3,386)	\$	(96)	\$	(3,483)
\$	(22)	\$	(2)	\$	(24)
\$	(499)	\$	(10)	\$	(509)
\$	(6,317)	\$	(494)	\$	(6,811)
\$	(367)	\$	(45)	\$	(411)
\$	¥.	\$	- 120	\$	(\$ 6)
\$	[116,490]	\$	(2,608)	\$	(119,098)

As the analysis for the waterfront scenario shows, implementation of the waterfront distinctions would increase lost revenue by about \$23,000. In addition to this lost amount of revenue, it would also be necessary for the King County Assessor's office to add seven subcategories of rates to be billed. Although it is unknown how complicated this would be, King County IT -- DNRP has indicated they may not be able to accommodate any changes to the program that calculates existing

King Conservation District

KCD rates. With the largest difference in rates between waterfront and not waterfront properties being only \$0.0428 per year, it is possible that the administrative effort would outweigh any perceived benefit.

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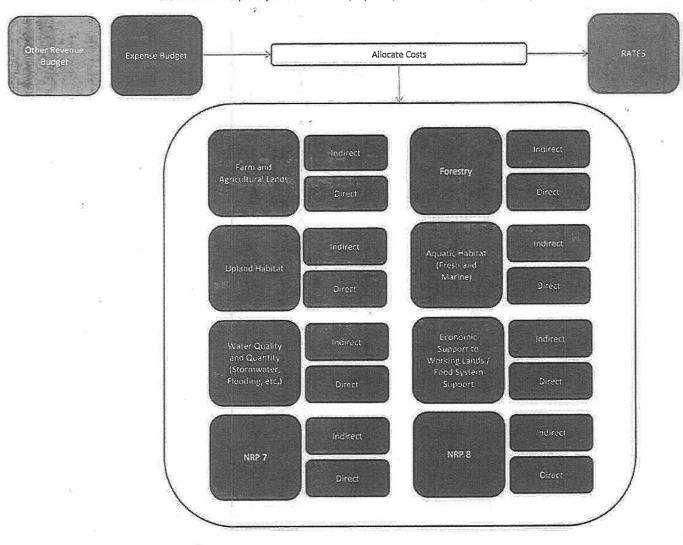
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APPENDIX A: TECHNICAL ANALYSIS

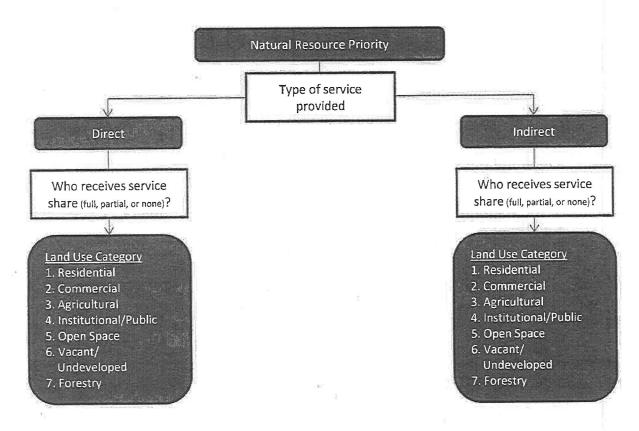
Rates & Charges Model

Use these links to update your other revenues, expenses, and cost allocations, then view your calculated rates.



KCD 2015 Model FINAL Dashboard

Rates & Charges Model



KCD 2015 Model FINAL Diagram

Rates & Charges Model
Summary of Customer Database

	Assigned Land Use Category	Code	Description	Total # of Parcels [a]	Lot Square Footage	Acres [b]	Parcels in Citles [c]	Timber [d]	Exempt [e]	Parcels Currenti Available to Char [f]
5	Vacant / Undeveloped	0	· (unknown)	5,142	3,067,572,597	70,421.78	47	1,939	1,034	2,12
1	Residential	2	Single Family(Res Use/Zone)	462,941	9,761,920,144	224,102.85	23,223	1	17,898	421,81
1	Residential	3	Duplex	7,017	66,669,783	1,530.53	226		223	6,56
1	Residential	4	Triplex	1,897	13,114,719	301,07	17	.*/-	55	1,82
1	Residential	5	4-Plex	2,261	20,322,131	466.53	248		106	1,90
1	Residential	6	Single Family(C/I Zone)	4,445	55,825,109	1,281.57	148	577	223	4,0
1	Residential	7	Houseboat	68	1,252,482	28.75	*		14	
L	Residential	8	Mobile Home	6,754	528,971,699	12,143.52	395	•	679	5,6
1	Residential	9	Single Family(C/I Use)	303	10,237,321	235.02	3	**	25	2
L	Residential	11	Apartment	5,119	276,298,601	6,342.94	149	*	361	5,6
L	Residential	16	Apartment(Mixed Use)	1,151	16,013,711	367.62	5	•.	68	1,0
1	Residential	17	Apartment(Co-op)	44	738,026	15.94	2 1	•		
L	Residential	18	Apartment(Subsidized)	128	3,924,306	90,09	-	€:	7	1
	Residential	20	Condominium(Residential) [g]	123,916	226,889,535	5,208.67	4,939	*	2,710	116,2
1	Residential	25	Condominium(Mixed Use)	297	10,154,955	233,13		* 1	291	
1	Residential	29	Townhouse Plat	16,279	30,156,209	692.29	201	*	1,751	14,3
1	Residential	38	Mobile Home Park	205	70,014,960	1,607.32	36		15	1
1	Residential	48	Condominium(M Home Pk)	9	5,787,533	132.86	1	4	8	
1	Residential	49	Retirement Facility	166	20,649,812	474.05	13	\$	12	3
2	Commercial	51	Hotel/Motel	299	20,594,653	472,79	19		29	
2	Commercial	55	Rehabilitation Center	7	605,799	13.91	* 3			
1	Residential	56	Residence Hall/Dorm	34	1,712,529	39:31		4	2	
1	Residential	57	Group Home	260	5,044,600	115.81	23		20	2
	Commercial	58	Resort/Lodge/Retreat	61	67,536,988	1,550.44	2		5	
2		59		59	5,877,034	134.92	7		3	
2	Commercial	60	Nursing Home	181	25,710,682	590.24	17		16	1
2	Commercial		Shopping Ctr(Nghbrhood)	113	24,620,406	565.21	11		9	-
2	Commercial	61	Shopping Ctr(Community)	33		143.90	11		, and a second	
2	Commercial	62	Shopping Ctr(Regional)		5,268,205		23	* 1	3	
2	Commercial	63	Shopping Ctr(Maj Retail)	33	5,766,698	132.39		*	1	
2	Commercial	64	Shopping Ctr(Specialty)	8	5,733,713	131.63	*	•		4
2	Commercial	96	Retail(Line/Strip)	466	20,567,350	472.16	28	the state of the s	29	
2	Commercial	101	Retail Store	2,978	58,572,394	1,344.64	147	*	151	2,6
2	Commercial	104	Retail(Big Box)	48	11,320,968	259,89	1	**	5	
2	Commercial	105	Retail(Discount)	131	29,467,186	676.47	14	. *	15	1
2	Commercial	106	Office Building	3,351	153,499,726	3,523,87	172		222	2,9
2	Commercial	118	Office Park	57	9,727,196	223.31	5	540	5	
2	Commercial	122	Medical/Dental Office	725	21,911,644	503.02	62		51	ε
2	Commercial	126	Condominium(Office)	52	2,120,932	48.69	8	(*)	43	
3	Agricultural	130	Farm	73	63,165,315	1,450.08	· *	*	13	
3	Agricultural	137	Greenhse/Nrsry/Hort Srvc	77	36,694,396	842,39	2	*	14	
2	Commercial	138	Mining/Quarry/Ore Processing	87	140,014,649	3,214,29	*	₩. I	11	
2	Commercial	140	Bowling Alley	14	1,105,713	25,38	1	*	1	
2	Commercial	141	Campground	5	4,200,481	96.43		7.0	1	
2	Commercial	142	Driving Range	2	764,128	17.54	-		1	
2	Commercial	143	Galf Course	249	294,019,640	6,749.76	8	876.1	28	2
2	Commercial	145	Health Club	57	7,090,692	152.78	4	· ·	3	
2	Commercial	146	Marina	184	21,195,016	486.57	*		27	
2	Commercial	147	Movie Theater	41	4,739,470	108.80	3		3	
5	Open Space	149	Park, Public(Zoo/Arbor)	1,032	684,234,062	15,707.85	30	3.0	98	
2	Commercial	150	Park, Private(Amuse Ctr)	84	27,234,055	625,21	5	7#V	5	
2	Commercial	152	Ski Area	14	28,212,271	647.66	. 1		4	

Rates & Charges Model

Summary of Customer Database

Assigned Land	Use Category Co	ode	Description	Total # of Parcels [a]	Lot Square Footage	Acres [b]	Parcels in Cities [c]	Timber [d]	Exempt [e]	Parcels Currently Available to Charge [f]
2 Commercial	15	.53	Skating Rink(Ice/Roller)	8	552,707	12.69	1	*	2	
2 Commercial	15	.56	Sport Facility	144	109,070,375	2,503.91	4		23	
2 Commercial	15	57	Art Gallery/Museum/Soc Srvc	69	36,454,884	836.89	2	*	7	1
2 Commercial	15	.59	Parking(Assoc)	1,255	29,361,567	674.05	47	3 25	75	3
2 Commercial	16	.60	Auditorium//Assembly Bldg	51	5,141,866	118.04	3		4	
2 Commercial	16	61	Auto Showroom and Lot	279	16,568,996	380.37	14		36	
2 Commercial	16	.62	Bank	319	9,160,794	210.30	29		22	
2 Commercial	16	.63	Car Wash	59	1,191,785	27.36	6		2	1
4 Institutional /	Public 16	.65	Church/Welfare/Relig Srvc	1,233	121,290,997	2,784.46	59	. **	112	
2 Commercial		56	Club	148	9,608,461	220.58	10	₩.,	9	
2 Commercial	16	.67	Conv Store without Gas	108	1,778,485	40.83	4		11	
2 Commercial		68	Conv Store with Gas	394	10,491,181	240,84	26	2 €0	37	1:
2 Commercial		71	Restaurant(Fast Food)	394	9,466,162	217.31	29	·*.	31	334
4 Institutional		72	Governmental Service	595	130,733,025	3,001.22	26	**	54	
2 Commercial		73	Hospital	50	16,568,558	382,66	4	146	5	41
2 Commercial		179	Mortuary/Cemetery/Crematory	126	40,561,230	931.16	8	247	20	98
2 Commercial		180	Parking(Commercial Lot)	597	17,855,758	409,91	3	127	36	558
	1 -	182	Parking(Continercial coty	182	5,749,363	131.99	- 1	**	13	169
	1	183	Restaurant/Lounge	833	16,559,116	380,14	40		36	757
2 Commercial			School(Public)	610	311,213,467	7,144.48	36		64	510
4 Institutional		184		211	35,050,257	804.64	* 3	3	19	1
2 Commercial		185	School(Private)	99	2,252,249	51.70	4	**	4	Li.
2 Commercial		186	Service Station	119	1,705,238	39.15	8	(A).	5	
2 Commercial		188	Tavern/Lounge	54	5,685,811	130,53	5	***	2	49
4 Institutional,	1	189	Post Office/Post Service			81,19	7		12	1
2 Commercial		190	Vet/Animal Control Srvc	118	3,536,639	263,06	10	788	7	\$ 0
2 Commercial		191	Grocery Store	152	11,458,774	173,35	11	\ * *	12	
2 Commercial		193	Daycare Center	199	7,551,188	173.33	3	\$ 8 * 8	1 6	1
2 Commercial		194	Mini Lube	44	678,151		64	***	190	
Commercial		195	Warehouse	2,652	281,323,850	6,458.31		***	150	1
2 Commercial		202	High Tech/High Flex	181	42,459,821	974.74	1	*.	36	
2 Commercial	::\$	210	Industrial Park	312	40,192,284	922.59	5	.*	85	
2 Commercial	2	216	Service Building	1,180	52,394,466	1,202,81	51	*Sam	51	
2 Commercial	2	223	Industrial(Gen Purpose)	732	67,412,568	1,547.58	21	¥.	1	#
2 Commercial	2	245	Industrial(Heavy)	196	63,625,230	1,450.66	2		18	1
2 Commercial	2	246	Industrial(Lignt)	478	44,546,502	1,022.65	12	i.a.d	44	
2 Commercial	2	247	Air Terminal and Hangers	31	123,477,476	2,834.65	1	•		1
2 Commercial	2	252	Mini Warehouse	205	20,681,130	474.77	16	*	15	
2 Commercial	2	261	Terminal(Rail)	71	16,814,455	386,01	-	*		
2 Commercial	2	262	Terminal(Marine/Comm Fish)	35	21,304,058	489.07	•	*		
2 Commercial	2	263	Terminal(Grain)	1	33,395	0.77	•		•	
2 Commercial	2	264	Terminal(Auto/Bus/Other)	47	9,216,465	211.58	-			
4 Institutional	/ Public 2	256	Utility, Public	782	313,323,351	7,192.91	39		80	1
2 Commercial		267	Utility, Private(Radio/T.V.)	133	20,311,291	465,28	6	900	1	
2 Commercial		271	Terminal(Marine)	' 100	28,986,215	665,43	g 300 000 - 00	*.		1.
1 Residential		272	Historic Prop(Residence)	16	1,274,145	29.25	3.83	*		
2 Commercial		273	Historic Prop(Office)	26	332,895	7.64	.55	*		
2 Commercial		274	Historic Prop(Retail)	12	318,774	7,32	3.45			1
2 Commercial		275	Historic Prop(Eat/Drink)	1	13,320	0.31	i * :	*	(*)	
2 Commercial		276	Historic Prop(Loft/Warehse)	3	39,432	0.91	290		199	
2 Commercial		277	Historic Prop(Park/Billbrd)	2	26,777	0.61	3₩0.5		3.00	
2 Commercial	1/2	279	Historic Prop(Rec/Entertain)	1 .	(#V	*	792	*	100	-

Rates & Charges Model

Summary of Customer Database

	Assigned Land Use Category	Code	Description	Total # of Parcels [a]	Lot Square Footage	Acres [b]	Parcels in Cities [c]	Timber [d]	Exempt [e]	Parcels Currently Available to Charge [f]
2	Commercia!	278	Historic Prop(Translent Fac)	5	1,405,980	32.28	F.,	*	1	4
2	Commercial	280	Historic Prop(Misc)	13	297,369	6.83	1	*	1	11
5	Vacant / Undeveloped	299	Historic Prop(Vacant Land)	1	14,900	0.34	- 1	*	*	1
5	Vacant / Undeveloped	300	Vacant(Single-family)	42,431	30,086,590,168	690,693.07	1,499	118	4,095	36,719
5	Vacant / Undeveloped	301	Vacant(Multi-family)	1,699	89,863,302	2,062.98	126	•	156	1,417
5	Vacant / Undeveloped	309	Vacant(Commercial)	3,699	279,682,554	5,420.63	296	1	313	3,089
5	Vacant / Undeveloped	316	Vacant(Industrial)	1,621	235,128,458	5,397.81	120	•	149	1,352
7	Forested	323	Reforestation		()	-	•	-	•	:•:
7	Forested	324	Forest Land(Class-RCW 84.33)	2	9,480,411	217.64	- 1	* 1	2	*
7	Forested	325	Forest Land(Desig-RCW 84.33)	8	39,787,078	913.39	- 1		8	-
6	Open Space	326	Open Space(Curr Use-RCW 84.34)	113	13,328,016	305.97	2	3	3	108
6	Open Space	327	Open Space(Agric-RCW 84.34)	16	13,725,439	315.09	•		5	11
7	Forested	328	Open Space Tmbr Land/Greenbelt	268	104,628,690	2,401,94	3		265	-
6	Open Space	330	Easement	295	16,335,328	375,03	15	5	36	244
6	Open Space	331	Reserve/Wilderness Area	53	122,020,961	2,801.22	4	•	8	51
6	Open Space	332	Right of Way/Utility, Road	1,016	164,252,097	3,770.71	28		145	843
6	Open Space	333	River/Creek/Stream	58	9,654,970	221.65	3		7	48
6	Open Space	334	Tideland, 1st Class	103	7,752,281	177.97	9	25	7	87
6	Open Space	335	Tideland, 2nd Class	19	529,013	12.14	= 1	-	. 1	18
5	Vacant / Undeveloped	336	Transferable Dev Rights	5	2,010,957	46.17	. 1	*		5
6	Open Space	337	Water Body, Fresh	33	5,187,600	119.09	2		2	29
2	Commercial	339	Shell Structure	53	1,177,046	27.02	1		6	46
2	Commercial	340	Bed & Breakfast	5	43,924	1.01		9	**	5
1	Residential	341	Rooming House	212	1,255,707	28.83	*		4	208
1	Residential	342	Fraternity/Sorority House	52	613,858	14,09	- 1	2	3	49
2	Commercial Select Land Use Category	343	Gas Station	15	449,023	10.31	2	÷	1	13
	Links and the second se		TOTAL	717,409	49,296,564,318	1.131.693	32,974	2,059	32,752	649,624

[a] Total parcels from King County Assessor's data uploaded 7/5/13; including any exempt parcels and additional condo parcels (see note [g])

43,560 sq. ft. per acre

[[]b] Acres calculated using square footage data received divided by

[[]c] Cities includes Enumclaw, Milton, Federal Way, Pacific, Skykomish

[[]d] Timber accounts are Property Type designated "T" and are not available for Conservation District charges

[[]e] Exempt accounts include Property Types "M", "U", and "K" which are reference, accounts split for senior citizen and joint ownership (parcel numbers ending in 8 or 9), and all forest land

[[]f] Total parcels currently available to charge equals Total # of Parcels less Parcels in Cities, Timber, Exempt

[[]g] Added 121,120 condo units (NbrUnits total from CondoComplex file), with 4,869 in exempt cities (based on zip codes)

Rates & Charges Model

Land Use Categories

Lan	d Use Categories	Total # of Parcels [a]	Lot Square Footage	Acres [b]	Parcels in Cities [c]	Timber [d]	Exempt [e]	Parcels Currently Available to Charge [f]
1	Residential	634,574	11,128,841,875	255,483	29,627	1	24,477	580,469
2	Commercial	21,787	2,233,836,219	51,282	996	*	1,604	19,187
3	Agricultural	150	99,859,711	2,292	2	* 1	27	121
4	Institutional / Public	3,274	882,246,631	20,254	165	-	310	2,799
5	Vacant / Undeveloped	54,598	33,760,862,936	775,043	2,088	2,058	5,747	44,705
	Open Space	2,748	1,037,020,767	23,807	93		312	2,343
7	Forested	278	153,896,179	3,533	3		275	.4
8	[Other]	2/	: ≥ :	9	+ 1	: * a	*	!
9	[Other]	•		-	- 1	+8	-	•
10	[Other]	*		<u></u>	·	<u></u>		
	Subtotal	717,409	49,296,564,318	1,131,693	32,974	2,059	32,752	649,624
11	EXEMPT		₩	-	*		•	~
	TOTAL	717,409	49,296,564,318	1,131,693	32,974	2,059	32,752	649,62

Rates & Charges Model

Allocation Bases

Functional Allocation Bases

Allocation Bases	Direct	Indirect	TOTAL
All Indirect	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
1% Direct / 99% Indirect	1.0%	99.0%	99.0%
5% Direct / 95% Indirect	5.0%	95.0%	95.0%
25% Direct / 75% Indirect	25.0%	75.0%	75.0%
50% Direct / 50% Indirect	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%
75% Direct / 25% Indirect	75.0%	25.0%	25.0%
All Direct	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
[Other]		100.0%	100.0%
[Other]	The second second second	100.0%	100.0%
[Other]		100.0%	100.0%
[Other]		100.0%	100.0%
[Other]		100.0%	100.0%

Customer Allocation Bases

Land Use Categories (Customer Classes)	No. of Parcels	No. of Acres	[Other]	[Other]	[Other]	
Residential	580,469	255,483	¥ I	2	-	
Commercial	19,187	51,282		-	*	
Agricultural	121	2,292			***	
Institutional / Public	2,799	20,254	¥.	*	*	
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	775,043	*4;		-	
Open Space	2,343	23,807				
Forested	⊕	3,533	•	4		
[Other]	- 1	+	(#€	_	** **	
[Other]	•		i i	F	- 1	
[Other]			.	<u>.</u>	1 <u>2</u> 7	
TOTAL	649,624	1,131,693	= =	re l	3	

Rates & Charges Model

Budget

2015



			Allocation Percentages			Allocated Costs			
2015 Budget	Total Cost	Allocation Basis	Indirect	Direct	Total	Indirect	Direct	Total	
Farm and Agriculture Lands							×	\$ 274.12	
Local Food System	\$ 274,125	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%		\$ 2,741		
Rural Farm Planning Services	254,035	25% Direct / 75% Indirect	75.0%	25.0%	100.0%	190,526	63,509	254,03	
Urban Farm Planning Services	57,130	25% Direct / 75% Indirect	75.0%	25.0%	100.0%	50,348	16,783	67,13	
	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	¥	:(€		
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)	127,859	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	126,580	1,279	127,8	
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)	281,342	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	278,529	2,813	281,3	
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	81.000	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	80,190	810	81.0	
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee		5% Direct / 95% Indirect	95.0%	5.0%	100.0%	198,831	10,465	209,2	
Landowner Incentive Program	209,296	5% Direct / 95% monect	33.076	3.0/5	100.075	\$ 1,196,387	\$ 98,399	\$ 1,294,7	
Subtotal	\$ 1,294,786					1,250,551	3 33,222	, ,,	
Forestry	Lange Co.	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	s .	s •	Ś	
Local Food System	\$ -		99.0%	1.0%	100.0%				
Rural Farm Planning Services	1	1% Direct / 99% Indirect			100.0%				
Urban Farm Planning Services		1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%		151,836	7,991	159,8	
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)	159,827	5% Direct / 95% Indirect	95.0%	5.0%	100.0%	151,836	7,331	133,0	
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)	4	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%				
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	11,669	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	11,552	117	11,6	
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	60,750	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	60,142	607	60,7	
Landowner Incentive Program	209,296	5% Direct / 95% Indirect	95.0%	5.0%	100.0%	198,831	10,465	209,2	
Subtotal	\$ 441,541					\$ 422,361	\$ 19,180	\$ 441,5	
Upland Habitat							1		
Local Food System	s .	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	\$ *		\$	
	36,291	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	35,928	363	36,2	
Rural Farm Planning Services	9,590	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	9,494	96	9,5	
Urban Farm Planning Services	159,827	5% Direct / 95% Indirect	95.0%	5.0%	100.0%	151,836	7,991	159,8	
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)	135,027	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%			-	
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)	202 005	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	299,065	3,021	302,0	
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	302,086			1.0%	100.0%	20,047	202		
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	20,250	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	5.0%	100.0%	55,673	2,930	58,0	
Landowner Incentive Program	58,603	5% Direct / 95% Indirect	95.0%	5.0%	100.0%	\$ 572,043	-		
Subtotal	\$ 586,647					\$ 572,043	\$ 14,604	2 200,0	
Aquatic Habitat (Fresh and Marine)				7.004	100.0%	\$ 54,277	5 548	\$ 54.8	
Local Food System	\$ 54,825	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	1				
Rural Farm Planning Services	145,163		99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	143,711			
Urban Farm Planning Services	19,180	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	18,988	192	19,	
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)		1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	*	1	1	
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)	575,364	5% Direct / 95% Indirect	95.0%	5.0%	100.0%	546,596			
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	400,621	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	396,614			
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	81,000	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	80,190			
Landowner Incentive Program	150,693	5% Direct / 95% Indirect	95.0%	5.0%	100.0%	143,158			
Subtotal	\$ 1,426,845	*				\$ 1,383,534	\$ 43,311	\$ 1,426,	
Water Quality and Quantity (Stormwater, Flooding, etc.)		*			1				
Local Food System	\$ 54,825	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99,0%	1,0%	100.0%	\$ 54,277		\$ 54	
Rural Farm Planning Services	217,744	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1,0%	100.0%	215,567			
Urban Farm Planning Services	76,720		99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	75,953	76:	76.	
	1 .5,720	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1,0%	100.0%	1	- 1	• 1	
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)	575,364	•	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	569,610	5,75	575	
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)			99,0%	1.0%	100,0%	282,379			
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	285,232		99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	40.095		118	
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	40,500		95.0%	5.0%	100.0%	198,831			
Landowner Incentive Program	209,296		35.0%	3.0%	100.076		-	-1	
Subtotal	\$ 1,459,680		1	1	1	\$ 1,436,711	\$ 22,95	2 2,459	

Rates & Charges Model Budget

2015



2247 5 1 1 1	7.10		Allo	cation Percent	ages			Allo	cated Costs	s	pm
2015 Budget	Total C	ost Allocation Basis	Indirect	Direct	Total		Indirect		Direct		Total
Economic Support to Working Lands	2 745	.725 25% Direct / 75% Indirect	75.0%	25.0%	100.0%		534,544	٤	178.181	ځ	712,725
Local Food System				25.0%	100.0%	17	54,436		18,145	7	72,583
Rural Farm Planning Services		581 25% Direct / 75% Indirect	75.0%				1000 J. O. B. (1000 J. C.)				
Urban Farm Planning Services	19	180 25% Direct / 75% Indirect	75.0%	25.0%	100.0%		14,385		4,795		19,180
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)		25% Direct / 75% Indirect	75.0%	25.0%	100.0%	1	*	1		1	52
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)		 25% Direct / 75% Indirect 	75.0%	25.0%	100.0%		-	-	•		39
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	15	.558 25% Direct / 75% Indirect	75.0%	25.0%	100.0%		11,669	l	3,890		15,558
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	121	.500 25% Direct / 75% Indirect	75.0%	25.0%	100.0%	1	91,125	1	30,375		121,500
Landowner Incentive Program		25% Direct / 75% Indirect	75.0%	25.0%	100.0%		.*.	l	29.		55
Subtotal	\$ 941	,544				\$	705,158	\$	235,386	\$	941,544
TOTAL	\$ 6,151	.042				s	5,717,193	S	433,849	\$	6,151,04

	1		* ***		Allocated Costs	
	Total Cost			Indirect	Direct	Total
SUMMARY		TOTAL CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT				
Local Food System	\$ 1,096,500	17.8%		\$ 914,481	\$ 182,019	\$ 1,096,500
Rural Farm Planning Services	725,814	11.8%	**	540,158	85,646	725,814
Urban Farm Planning Services	191,800	3,1%		169,168	22,632	191,800
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)	319,654	5.2%		303,671	15,983	319,654
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)	1,278,586	20.8%		1,242,786	35,800	1,278,586
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	1,296,507	21.1%		1,279,808	15,599	1,296,507
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	404,999	6.6%	W-	371,789	33,210	404,999
Landowner Incentive Program	837,182	13.6%		795,323	41,859	837,182
TOTAL	\$ 6,151,042	100.0%	1.5	\$ 5,717,193	\$ 433,849	\$ 6,151,042

Rates & Charges Model Farm and Agriculture Lands No benefit
 Partial benefit compared to other classes
 Full proportional benefit compared to other classes

Farm and Agriculture Lands - Indirect Benefit Costs

\$ 1,196,387

		Allocation of Costs									
Land Use Category	No. of Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	All	ocated Cost		Init Cost er Parcel)			
Residential		2	580,469	89.35%	\$	1,069,027	\$	1.8417			
Commercial	19,187	2	19,187	2.95%	\$	35,336	\$	1.8417			
Agricultural	121	2	121	0,02%	5	223	\$	1.8417			
Institutional / Public	2,799	2	2,799	0.43%	5	5,155	\$	1.8417			
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	2	44,705	6.88%	\$	82,331	\$	1.8417			
Open Space	2,343	2	2,343	0.35%	\$	4,315	\$	1.8417			
Forested	1		4	0.00%	\$	# % (3	\$	÷			
Other	4		: à :	0.00%	\$	58%	\$	*			
[Other]			- 4	0.00%	\$	- F	\$				
[Other]	1		198	0.00%	\$	7.	\$	*			
TOTAL	649,624		649,624	100.00%	S	1,196,387	5	1.8417			

Farm and Agriculture Lands - Direct Benefit Costs

			All	ocation of Cos	ধ			
Land Use Category	No. of Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allo	cated Cost		nit Cost r Parcel)
Residential	580,469	1	290,235	99.56%	\$	97,963	\$	0,1688
Commercial	19,187	0		0.00%	\$	197	\$	**
Agricultural	121	2	121	0.04%	\$	41	\$	0.3375
Institutional / Public	2,799	0	323	0.00%	\$	¥(-)	S	
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	0	1/2/27	0.00%	\$	- €2	\$	276
Open Space	2,343	1	1,172	0.40%	\$	395	5	0.1688
Forested	0.41		, is	D.00%	5	*:	5	
[Other]	1 23		12	0.00%	\$	**	5	<₩
[Other]	100		. 186	0,00%	\$	*	\$	3970
[Other]	**		- N	D.00%	\$	4.7	5	790
TOTAL	649,524		291,527	100.00%	S	98,399	S	0.1515

Rates & Charges Model

Forestry

0	No benefit	
1	Partial benefit compared to other classes	
2	Full proportional benefit compared to other classes	

Forestry - Indirect Benefit Costs

\$ 422,361

		Allocation of Costs									
Land Use Category	No. of Parcels 580,469	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Ailc	ocated Cost		nit Cost r Parcel)			
Residential		2	580,469	89.35%	\$	377,399	5	0.6502			
Commercial	19,187	2	19,187	2.95%	\$	12,475	\$	0.6502			
Agricultural	121	2	121	0.02%	\$	79	\$	0.5502			
Institutional / Public	2,799	2	2,799	0.43%	\$	1,820	\$	0.6502			
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	2 2 2	44,705	6.88%	\$	29,065	\$	0.6502			
Open Space	2,343	2	2,343	0.36%	\$	1,523	\$	0,6502			
Forested			36	0.00%	\$	343	\$	*			
Other			.	0,00%	\$	174	\$	· 😅			
Otherl				0.00%	\$	720	\$. (4			
[Other]				0.00%	5	5,350	\$	_ د			
TOTAL	649,624		649,624	100.00%	5	422,361	5	0.6502			

Forestry - Direct Benefit Costs

\$ 19,180

		Allocation of Costs									
Land Use Category Residential	No. of Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allo	cated Cost		nit Cost r Parcel)			
		1	290,235	92.14%	\$	17,673	\$	0.0304			
Commercial	19,187	0		0.00%	\$	-	5				
Agricultural	121	1	61	0.02%	\$	4	S	0:0304			
Institutional / Public	2,799	0	- 1	0.00%	\$	-	5	74			
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	1	22,353	7.10%	\$	1,361	5	0.0304			
Open Space	2,343	2	2,343	0.74%	\$	143	\$	0.0609			
Forested	(\$)		35	0.00%	\$	-	\$	*			
[Other]	120	8/1	:48	0.00%	\$	· 🚓 🗎	\$	7.4			
[Other]	120		(A)	0.00%	\$	994 D	5	24			
[Other]	1 100	N		0.00%	\$	>÷: ∫	\$				
TOTAL	649,624		314,991	100.00%	5	19,180	\$	0.0295			

Rates & Charges Model
Upland Habitat

0	No benefit
1	Partial benefit compared to other classes
2	Full proportional benefit compared to other classes

Upland Habitat - Indirect Benefit Costs

\$ 572,043

		Allocation of Costs								
Land Use Category Residential	No. of Parcels 580,469	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Alk	cated Cost	(pe	nit Cost r Parcel)		
		2.	580,469	89.35%	\$	511,147	\$	0.8806		
Commercial	19,187	2	19,187	2.95%	\$	15,896	\$	0.8805		
Agricultural	121	2	121	0,02%	\$	107	\$	0.8806		
Institutional / Public	2,799	2	2,799	0.43%	\$	2,465	\$	0.8806		
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	2	44,705	6.88%	\$	39,366	\$	0.8806		
Open Space	2,343	2	2,343	0.35%	\$	2,053	\$	0.8805		
Forested				0.00%	\$		\$	470		
[Other]			-	0,00%	\$		5			
[Other]				8.00%	\$		\$			
[Other]	*	100000000		0.00%	5		\$			
TOTAL	649,624		649,624	100.00%	5	572,043	S	0.8806		

Upland Habitat - Direct Benefit Costs

		ş -	Allocation of Costs								
Land Use Category	No. of Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allo	cated Cost		nit Cost r Parcel)			
Residential	580,469	1	290,235	91.73%	S	13,396	\$	0.0231			
Commercial	19,187	0		0,00%	\$; 2	\$	*			
Agricultural	121	1	51	0.02%	S	3	\$	0.0231			
Institutional / Public	2,799	1	1,400	0.44%	\$	65	\$	0.0231			
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	1	22,353	7.06%	5	1,032	\$	0,0231			
Open Space	2,343	2	2,343	0.74%	\$	108	\$	0.0462			
Forested				0.00%	5	25	\$	*			
Other				0.00%	S		\$	-			
[Other]			-	0.00%	5		5				
[Other]			•	0.00%	s		ŝ				
TOTAL	549,524		316,390	100.00%	5	14,504	S	0.0225			

Rates & Charges Model Aquatic Habitat (Fresh and Marine) 0 No benefit
1 Partial benefit compared to other classes
2 Euli proportional benefit compared to other classes

Aquatic Habitat (Fresh and Marine) - Indirect Benefit Costs

\$ 1,383,534

			Allocation of Costs								
Land Use Category	No. of Parcels	Benefits Ad]. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allocated Cost	3	nit Cost er Parcel)				
Residential	580,469	2	580,469	89.35%	\$ 1,236,251	S	2.1297				
Commercial	19,187	2	19,187	2.95%	\$ 40,863	5	2.1297				
Agricultural	121	2	121	0.02%	\$ 258	S	2,1297				
Institutional / Public	2,799	2	2,799	0.43%	\$ 5,961	\$	2.1297				
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	2	44,705	6.88%	\$ 95,210	S	2,1297				
Open Space	2,343	2	2,343	0.36%	\$ 4,990	\$	2.1297				
Forested				D.00%	\$ -	5	4				
Otherl				0.00%	\$ *	5	14				
Other	1 .			0.00%	\$ -	5					
[Other]				0.00%	s +	S	341				
TOTAL	649,624		649,624	100.00%	\$ 1,383,534	5	2.1297				

Aquatic Habitat (Fresh and Marine) - Direct Benefit Costs

	1	Allocation of Costs									
Land Use Category	No. of Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allocate	d Cost		nit Cost r Parcel)			
Residential	580,469	2	580,469	92.54%	\$ 4	0,079	S	0.0590			
Commercial	19,187	2	19,187	3,06%	\$	1,325	\$	0.0690			
Agricultural	121	2	121	0.02%	\$	8	S	0.0690			
Institutional / Public	2,799	2	2,799	0.45%	\$	193	\$	0.0690			
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	1	22,353	3.56%	\$	1,543	5	0.0345			
Open Space	2,343	2	2,343	0.37%	\$	162	\$	0,0690			
Forested			20	0,00%	\$.	•	\$	De v			
[Other]	-			0.00%	\$		S	346			
[Other]	<u> </u>		2	0.00%	\$	*	\$	3.43			
[Other]	4			0.00%	\$	*	S	(#);			
TOTAL	649,624		527,272	100.00%	5 4	3,311	\$	0.0667			

Rates & Charges Model

Water Quality and Quantity (Stormwater, Flooding, et

0	1	No	benefi

Partial benefit compared to other classes

Full proportional benefit compared to other classes

Water Quality and Quantity (Stormwater, Flooding, etc.) - Indirect Benefit Costs

\$ 1,436,711

	1		All	ocation of Cos	ts	VIII		mm
Land Use Category	No. of Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Ali	ocated Cost	100	alt Cost r Parcel)
Residential	580,469	2	580,469	89,35%	S	1,283,768	5	2.2116
Commercial	19,187	2	19,187	2.95%	\$	42,434	\$	2.2116
Agricultural	121	2	121	0.02%	\$	268	S	2,2116
Institutional / Public	2,799	2	2,799	0.43%	\$	6,190	S	2.2116
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	2	44,705	6.88%	5	98,870	\$	2,2116
Open Space	2,343	2	2,343	0,36%	5	5,182	S	2.2116
Forested	-		-	0.00%	\$	÷	5	n 🚉 5
[Other]			<u> </u>	0.00%	\$	¥	S	*
[Other]				0.00%	\$	4	\$	
[Other]				0.00%	S	*	S	`&`
TOTAL	649,624		649,624	100.00%	\$	1,436,711	S	2.2115

Water Quality and Quantity (Stormwater, Flooding, etc.) - Direct Benefit Costs

	i i		All	ocation of Cos	ts			
Land Use Category	No. of Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allocated Cost		Unit Cost (per Parcel	
Residential	580,469	2	580,469	92.54%	\$	21,255	\$	0.0366
Commercial	19,187	2	19,187	3.05%	\$	703	\$	0.0366
Agricultural	121	2	121	0.02%	\$	4	\$	0.0366
Institutional / Public	2,799	2	2,799	0.45%	\$	1.02	\$	0,0368
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	1	22,353	3,56%	\$	818	\$	0.0183
Open Space	2.343	2	2,343	0.37%	\$	86	\$	0.0366
Forested	_			0.00%	\$	- SQ :	\$	
[Other]				0.00%	\$	¥2	\$	2
[Other]				0.00%	\$	52	\$	<u> </u>
(Other)			4	0.00%	5		\$	¥
TOTAL	649,624		627,272	100.00%	S	22,969	5	0.0354

Rates & Charges Model Economic Support to Working Lands

0	No benefit
1	Partial benefit compared to other classes
2	Full proportional benefit compared to other classes

Economic Support to Working Lands - Indirect Benefit Costs

\$ 706,158

			All	ocation of Cos	ts			······································
Land Use Category	No. of Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allo	cated Cost		nit Cost r Parcel)
Residential	580,469	2	580,469	96.14%	\$	678,931	S	1.1595
Commercial	19,187	2	19,187	3.18%	\$	22,442	\$	1.1695
Agricultural	121	2	121	0.02%	\$	142	S	1.1696
Institutional / Public	2,799	2	2,799	0.46%	\$	3,274	\$	1.1696
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	0		0.00%	\$	9 .	S	
Open Space	2,343	1	1,172	0.19%	\$	1,370	5	0.5848
Farested			9 .	0,00%	\$	-	S	>##X
[Other]			2	0.00%	\$	24	5	1967
Other				0.00%	\$	* 1	5	
Other			-	0.00%	S		\$	Z#>
TOTAL	649,624		603,748	100.00%	\$	706,158	\$	1.0870

Economic Support to Working Lands - Direct Benefit Costs

\$ 235,386

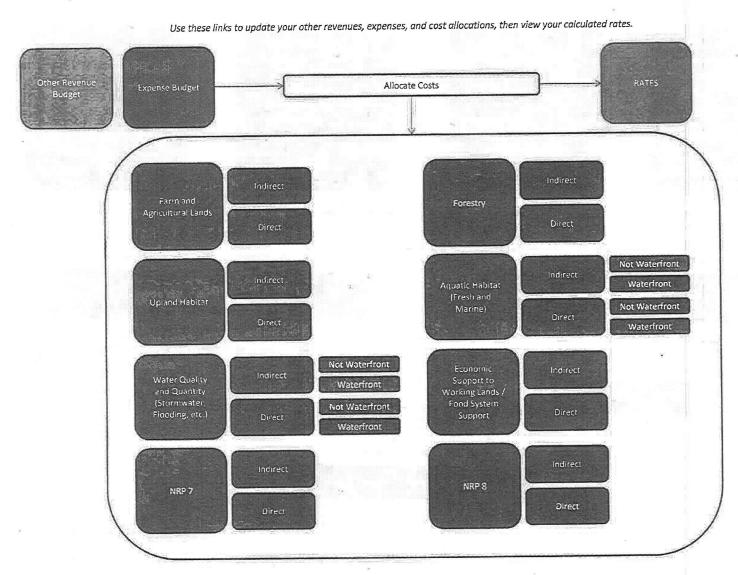
		4-0%	All	ocation of Cos	ts			
Land Use Category	No. of Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allo	cated Cost	1	nlt Cost r Parcel)
Residential	580,469	1	290,235	95.94%	S	225,827	5	0,3890
Commercial	19,187	1	9,594	3.17%	\$	7,465	5	0.3890
Agricultural	121	. 2	121	0.04%	\$	94	5	0.7781
Institutional / Public	2,799	1	1,400	0,46%	S	1,089	\$	0.3890
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	0	*	0.00%	\$	i¥	5	1 N e 1
Open Space	2,343	1	1,172	0.39%	\$	912	S	0,3890
Forested				0.00%	\$. See	\$	**
[Other]	2		*	0.00%	S		\$	*
[Other]	·			0.00%	S	2%	\$	167
(Other)			*	0.00%	S	æ	S	
TOTAL	649,624		302,520	100.00%	S	235,386	S	0.3623

Rates & Charges Model Unit Costs

					mm-lemen	Landarii Jan				Per P	arcel								-		-	
Land Use Categories			Residential Commerci		ommercial Agricultur		ineltural I		Vacant / Undeveloped		Open Space		Forested		ed [Other]		[Other]		er] [Other]		Averag	
Farm and Agriculture Lands	\$	2.0104	\$	1.8417	\$	2.1792	\$	1.8417	\$	1.8417	\$	2.0104	\$	V # :	\$	•	\$	÷	\$		\$	1.9931
Forestry	\$	0.6806	\$	0.6502		0.6806		0.6502		0.6806		0.7111	\$	2 .4.	\$	*	15		\$	₹ .	٤	0.6797
Upland Habitat	\$	0.9037	\$	0.8806	\$	0.9037		0.9037		0.9037	\$	0.9267	\$	•	5	-	\$		3	•	3	2.1964
Aquatic Habitat (Fresh and Marine)	\$	2.1988	\$	2.1988	\$	2.1988	1	2.1988		2.1643	5	2.1988	\$, 96 7	15	*	15		15	*	3	
Water Quality and Quantity (Stormwater, Flooding, etc.)	\$	2.2482	\$	2.2482	\$	2.2482	\$	2.2482	\$	2.2299	\$	2.2482	\$	*	\$	10 000	\$) (4)	\$	***	\$	2.2470
Economic Support to Working Lands	\$	1.5587	\$	1.5587	\$	1.9477	\$	1.5587	\$	-	\$	0.9739	\$	Step.	\$	* **	\$	ર	\$	*	\$	1.4494
TOTAL	+-	9,6004	ě	9.3781	\$	10.1582	5	9.4012	Ś	7.8201	\$	9.0691	\$	*	\$	*	\$		\$		[\$	9,4686

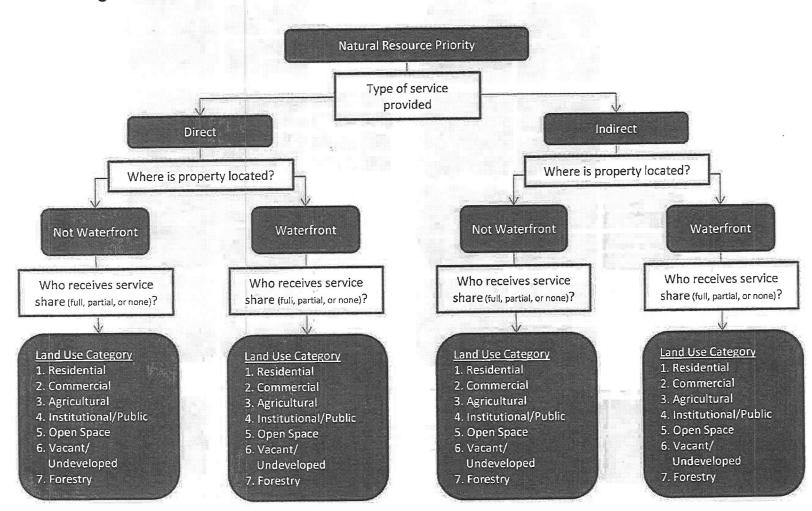
APPENDIX B: TECHNICAL ANALYSIS WITH WATERFRONT SEPARATED

Rates & Charges Model



KCD 2015 Model w Waterfront Separated
Dashboard

Rates & Charges Model



Rates & Charges Model Summary of Customer Database

	Assigned Land Use Category	Code	Description	Total # of Parcels [a]	Parcels in Cities [c]	Timber (d)	Exempt [e]	Parcels Currently Available to Charge [f]	Waterfront (All)	Not Waterfror
	Vacant / Undeveloped	0	(unknown)	5,142	47	1,939	1,034	2,122	18 10,028	2,10 411,7
	Residential	2	Single Family(Res Use/Zone)	462,941	23,223	1	17,898	421,819		6,4
	Residential	3	Duplex	7,017	226	* 1	223	6,568	88	
	Residential	4	Triplex	1,897	17	· •	55	1,825	12	1,8
	Residential	5	4-Plex	2,261	248		106	1,907	18	1,8
	Residential	6	Single Family(C/I Zone)	4,445	148	.=.	223	4,074	56	4,0
	Residential	7	Houseboat	58	-		14	54	51	*
	Residential	8	Mobile Home	6,754	395	ex 1	679	5,680	141	5,5
	Residential	9	Single Family(C/I Use)	303	3	•	25	275	4	
		11	Apartment	6,119	149		361	5,609	41	5,5
	Residential		Apartment(Mixed Use)	1,151	5	- 1	68	1,078	2	1,0
	Residential	16		44			-*:	44		
	Residential	17	Apartment(Co-op)	128			7	121		. :
	Residential	18	Apartment(Subsidized)	123,916	4,939	_ 1	2,710	116,267	1	116,
Ů	Residential	20	Condominium(Residential) [g]	\$: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,555		291	6		
	Residential	25	Condominium(Mixed Use)	297	1	2	1,751	14,327	46	14,
L	Residential	29	Townhouse Plat	16,279	201		15	154	17	
	Residential	38	Mobile Home Park	205	36		8			
L	Residential	48	Condominium(M Home Pk)	9	1	5.4		141	3	1
	Residential	49	Retirement Facility	166	13	•	12		8	1
2	Commercial	51	Hotel/Motel	299	19		29	251	ı î	
2	Commercial	55	Rehabilitation Center	7.	-		(♥:	7	+	1
	Residential	56	Residence Hall/Dorm	34	-		2	32	£:	
1	Residential	57	Group Home	260	23		20	217		
	Commercial	58	Resort/Lodge/Retreat	61	2		5	54		
2		59	Nursing Home	59	7		3		\$:	
2	Commercial	60	Shopping Ctr(Nghbrhood)	181	17		16	148	*	
2	Commercial			113	11		9	93		
2	Commercial	61	Shopping Ctr(Community)	33				33		
2	Commercial	52	Shopping Ctr(Regional)	33	23		3	7		
2	Commercial	63	Shopping Ctr(Maj Retail)	8	-		1	7	*	
2	Commercial	64	Shopping Ctr(Specialty)	466	28		29	409	1	
2	Commercial	96	Retail(Line/Strip)		147	12	151			2
2	Commercial	101	Retail Store	2,978	1	12	5	42		
2	Commercial	104	Retail(Big Box)	48			15		1000	
2	Commercial	105	Retail(Discount)	131	14		222			2
2	Commercial	106	Office Building	3,351	172		222	47		10
2	Commercial	118	Office Park	57	5		51		1	
	Commercial	122	Medical/Dental Office	725	62	*				
	Commercial	126	Condominium(Office)	52	8		43			
	Agricultural	130	Farm	73		*	13			
	Agricultural	137	Greenhse/Nrsry/Hort Srvc	77	2	.*.	14			. 1
2	Commercial	138	Mining/Quarry/Ore Processing	87	-		11			1
	Commercial	140	Bowling Alley	14	1		1		11	
	Commercial	141	Campground	5		(35)	1		4 *	
2		142	Driving Range	2			1.00		1 *	
2	Commercial	142	Golf Course	249	8	.**	28			1
2	Commercial		Health Club	57	4	Ç.			-11	2
2	Commercial	145		184	· ·	re.	2	7 15	7 14	9
2	Commercial	145	Marina	41	3			1:		
2	Commercial	147	Movie Theater	1,032	30		91	90	4 13	0
6		149	Park, Public(Zoo/Arbor)	84	5	ě		5 7	4	1
2	Commercial	150	Park, Private (Amuse Ctr)	84	3	E			0 *	1

Rates & Charges Model

Summary of Customer Database

	Assigned Land Use Category	Code	Description	4:	tal # of cels [a]	Parcels in Cities [c]	Timber [d]	Exempt [e]	Parcels Currently Available to Charge (f)	Waterfront (All)	Not Waterfront
2	Commercial	153	Skating Rink(ice/Roller)		8	1	. *	2	5	: ***	
2	Commercial	156	Sport Facility		144	4	*.	23	117	5	111
2	Commercial	157	Art Gallery/Museum/Soc Srvc		69	2	*	7	60	1	5
Z	Commercial	159	Parking(Assoc)	× .	1,255	47	*	75	1,133	7	1,12
2	Commercial	160	Auditorium//Assembly Bldg	100	51	3	**	4	44	1	4
2	Commercial	161	Auto Showroom and Lot		279	14	* 1	36	229	45.85	22
2	Commercial	162	Bank		319	29	€.	22	268	1	25
2	Commercial	163	Car Wash	1387	59	6	•	2	51	(4)	5
4	Institutional / Public	165	Church/Welfare/Relig Srvc		1,233	59	*	112	1,062	5	1,05
2	Commercial	166	Club		148	10	*	9	129	6	12
2	Commercial	167	Conv Store without Gas	100	108	4	***	11	93		9
2	Commercial	168	Conv Store with Gas		394	26		37	331		33
2	Commercial	171	Restaurant(Fast Food)		394	29	*:	31	334	24%	33
4	Institutional / Public	172	Governmental Service		595	26	*	54	515	29	48
2	Commercial	173	Hospital		50	4	*:	5	41		4
2	Commercial	179	Mortuary/Cemetery/Crematory		126	8	• .	20	98		9
2	Commercial	180	Parking(Commercial Lot)		597	3	*	36	558	3	55
2	Commercial	182	Parking(Garage)		182		*:	13	169		16
2	Commercial	183	Restaurant/Lounge		833	40	⊬ ć	36	757	19	73
4	Institutional / Public	184	School(Public)		610	36	14 0	64	510	3	50
2	Commercial	185	School(Private)		211	3	¥5	19	189	1	18
2	Commercial	186	Service Station		99	4	¥ .	4	91		9
2	Commercial	188	Tavern/Lounge **-	1 "	119	8	á.	S	106	1	10
4	Institutional / Public	189	Post Office/Post Service		54	5	¥1.		49	743	4
2	Commercial	190	Vet/Animal Control Srvc	1	118	7	<u></u>	12	99	14	9
2	Commercial	191	Gracery Store		152	10		7	135	620	13
2	Commercial	193	Daycare Center		199	11	₩.	12	176		17
2	Commercial	194	Mini Lube		44	3	4	6	35		3
2		195	Warehouse		2,652	64		190	2,398	53	2,34
2	Commercial				181	1		8	172	1	17
	Commercial	202	High Tech/High Flex		312	5	2.7	36	271	7	26
2	Commercial	210	Industrial Park	1	1,180	51		85	1.044	13	1.03
2	Commercial	216	Service Building	1		F.	**	51	1,044	18	1,03
2	Commercial	223	Industrial(Gen Purpose)		732	21	*.	The second secon		31	14
2	Commercial	2.45	Industrial(Heavy)		196	2	***	18	176	17	40
2	Commercial	245	Industrial(Lignt)	1	478	12	• (44	422	7	1
2	Commercial	247	Air Terminal and Hangers		31	1	· **	8	22	,	17
2	Commercial	252	Mini Warehouse		205	16	.**	19	170		1
2	Commercial	261	Terminal(Rall)		71	- [3	68	2	6
2	Commercial	262	Terminal(Marine/Comm Fish)		35	· I	*-	2	33	23	1
2	Commercial	263	Terminal(Grain)		1	- 1	* 3.		1	-	
2	Commercial	254	Terminal(Auto/Bus/Other)		47	• 1	. #X 1	3	44	1	4
4	Institutional / Public	266	Utility, Public		782	39	<#\$	80	663	17	54
2	Commercial	267	Utility, Private(Radio/T.V.)	1	133	6		18	109	1	10
2	Commercial	271	Terminal(Marine)		100	- I		4	96	45	9
1	Residential	272	Historic Prop(Residence)		16	· .	sie .	2	14	5.85	1
2	Cammercial	273	Historic Prop(Office)		26	- 1		1	25		2
2	Commercial	274	Historic Prop(Retall)		12	. 1	*	À	12	3.27	1
2	Commercial	275	Historic Prop(Eat/Drink)	I .	1	* I	*		1	180	
2	Commercial	276	Historic Prop(Loft/Warehse)		3	* 1	¥.		3	•	
2	Commercial	277	Historic Prop(Park/Billbrd)	1	2	্	*	*	2		
2	Commercial	279	Historic Prop(Rec/Entertain)	1						130	

Rates & Charges Model

Summary of Customer Database

	Assigned Land Use Category	Code	Description	Total # of Parcels [a]	Parcels in Citles [c]	Timber [d]	Exempt [e]	Parcels Currently Available to Charge (f)	Waterfront (All)	Not Waterfront
2	Commercial	278	Historic Prop(Translent Fac)	5	7 4 %	*	1	4 11		11
2	Commercial	280	Historic Prop(Misc)	13	1		. 1	11		, 1
5	Vacant / Undeveloped	299	Historic Prop(Vacant Land)	1	*3	**		36,719	3,052	33,667
5	Vacant / Undeveloped	300	Vacant(Single-family)	42,431	1,499	118	4,095	1,417	45	1,372
5	Vacant / Undeveloped	301	Vacant(Multi-family)	1,699	126	*	156	3,089	69	3,020
5	Vacant / Undeveloped	309	Vacant(Commercial)	3,699	296	" 1	313		60	1,292
5	Vacant / Undeveloped	316	Vacant(Industrial)	1,521	120	S#C.	149	1,352		1,23
7	Forested	323	Reforestation	*	•	7.8		S. S.		2.
7	Forested	324	Forest Land(Class-RCW 84.33)	2	-	,5 4 0.5	2	15%	51	
7	Forested	325	Forest Land (Desig-RCW 84.33)	8	- 1	(3.)	8			10
	Open Space	325	Open Space(Curr Use-RCW 84.34)	113	2	3%	3	108	1	10
6	Open Space	327	Open Space(Agric-RCW 84.34)	16	- 1	\#\	5	11	*	1
7	Forested	328	Open Space Tmbr Land/Greenbelt	268	3	540	265	·		24
6	Open Space	330	Easement	295	15		36	244	1	5
6	Open Space	331	Reserve/Wilderness Area	63	4		8	51	15	82
6	Open Space	332	Right of Way/Utility, Road	1,016	28	· 3.	145	843		3
6	Open Space	333	River/Creek/Stream	58	3		7	48		2
6	Open Space	334	Tideland, 1st Class	103	9		7	87	1	
6	Open Space	335	Tideland, 2nd Class	19	•		1	18	12	
5	Vacant / Undeveloped	336	Transferable Dev Rights	5		17.5	•	3	20	İ.
6	Open Space	337	Water Body, Fresh	33	2	3%	2	29	4	
2	Commercial	339	Shell Structure	53	1	*	6	46		1
2	Commercial	340	Bed & Breakfast	5	*		20x 15, •	5		20
1	Residential	341	Rooming House	212	*	•	4	208	18	
1	Residential	342	Fraternity/Sorprity House	52			3	49		
2	Commercial	343	Gas Station	16	2	*:	1	13	528	1
*	Select Land Use Category		[Other]					1	14,597	635,02
	etal harrels from King County Ass		TOTAL	717,409	32,974	2,059	32,752	91%	Currently Able to	<u></u>

[[]a] Total parcels from King County Assessor's data uploaded 7/5/13; including any exempt parcels and additional condo parcels (see note [8])

[[]b] Acres calculated using square footage data received divided by

^{43,560} sq. ft. per acre

[[]c] Cities includes Enumclaw, Milton, Federal Way, Pacific, Skykomish

[[]d] Timber accounts are Property Type designated "T" and are not available for Conservation District charges

[[]e] Exempt accounts include Property Types "M", "U", and "K" which are reference, accounts split for senior citizen and joint ownership (parcel numbers ending in 8 or 9), and all forest land

[[]f] Total parcels currently available to charge equals Total # of Parcels less Parcels in Cities, Timber, Exempt

[[]g] Added 121,120 condo units (NbrUnits total from CondoComplex file), with 4,869 in exempt cities (based on zip codes)

Rates & Charges Model

Land Use Categories

Land Use Categori	ies	Total # of Parcels [a]	Parcels in Cities [c]	Timber	Exempt [d]	Parcels Currently Available to Charge [e]	Waterfront (All)	Not Waterfront
1 Residential		634,574	29,627	1	24,477	580,469	10,508	569,961
2 Commercial		21,787	996	: - : 1	1,604	19,187	529	18,658
3 Agricultural		150	2	œ	27	121	9	112
4 Institutional /	Public	3,274	165	:•>	310	2,799	54	2,745
5 Vacant / Unde		54,598	2,088	2,058	5,747	44,705	3,244	41,461
6 Open Space	•	2,748	93		312	2,343	253	2,090
7 Forested		278	3	(=)	275	· ·	*	-
8 [Other]			9	-		(#)	•	-
9 [Other]			2	- 1		(**)	*	_
10 [Other]		4		·	<u> </u>			
Subtotal		717,409	32,974	2,059	32,752	649,624	14,597	635,027
11 EXEMPT			*	oen y	ä	* * *		(३)
TOTAL		717,409	32,974	2,059	32,752	649,624	14,597	635,027

Rates & Charges Model

Allocation Bases

Functional Allocation Bases

Allocation Bases	Direct	Indirect	TOTAL
All Indirect	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
1% Direct / 99% Indirect	1.0%	99.0%	99.0%
5% Direct / 95% Indirect	5.0%	95.0%	95.0%
25% Direct / 75% Indirect	25.0%	75.0%	75.0%
50% Direct / 50% Indirect	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%
75% Direct / 25% Indirect	75.0%	25.0%	25.0%
All Direct	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
[Other]		100.0%	100.0%

Customer Allocation Bases

Land Use Categories (Customer Classes)	No. of Parcels	No. of Acres	Waterfront Parcels	Not Waterfront Parcels	[Other]	[Other]		[Othe	er]
Residential	580,469	255,483	10,508	569,961			-		-
Commercial	19,187	51,282	529	18,658	(= /		× .		
Agricultural	121	2,292	9	112	-		-		***
Institutional / Public	2,799	20,254	54	2,745	8 S 3		=		-
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	775,043	3,244	41,461			-		₹
Open Space	2,343	23,807	253	2,090					1
Forested	- 43	3,533	S#		=				-
[Other]	2	•	: <u>*</u>	* 1	·		*		-
[Other]	-		* (*	₩ 1	-		-		~
[Other]		-		÷a	₩ <u></u>		ω,		(4)
TOTAL	649,624	1,131,693	14,597	635,027			- 1		-

Rates & Charges Model

Budget



The same of the sa	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Allo	cation Percent	ages		Allocated Costs	ĕ
	Total Cost	Allocation Basis	Indirect	Direct	Total	Indirect	Direct	Total
Farm and Agriculture Lands								
Local Food System	\$ 274,125	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	\$ 271,384		
Rural Farm Planning Services	254.035	25% Direct / 75% Indirect	75.0%	25.0%	100.0%	190,526	63,509	254,1
Urban Farm Planning Services	67,130	25% Direct / 75% Indirect	75.0%	25.0%	100.0%	50,348	16,783	67,
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)	0.7200	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%			
	127,859	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	125,580	1,279	127
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)			99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	278,529	2,813	281
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	281,342	1% Direct / 99% Indirect				80,190	810	81
Communications, Dutreach, Advisory Committee	81,000	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%			
Landowner Incentive Program	209,296	5% Direct / 95% Indirect	95.0%	5.0%	100.0%	198,831	10,465	209
Subtotal	\$ 1,294,786					\$ 1,196,387	\$ 98,399	\$ 1,294
Forestry								
Local Food System	5 .	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1,0%	100.0%	\$.	\$ -	\$
Rural Farm Planning Services	-5	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%			
Urban Farm Planning Services		1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%			
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)	159,827	5% Direct / 95% Indirect	95.0%	5.0%	100.0%	151,835	7,991	159
	123,021	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	1,		
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)	44.550		99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	11,552	117	11,
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	11,669	1% Direct / 99% Indirect		1.0%	100.0%	60,142	607	60
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	60,750	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%				10,455	209
Landowner Incentive Program	209,296	5% Direct / 95% Indirect	95.0%	5.0%	100.0%	198,831 \$ 422,361	\$ 19,180	[
Subtotal	\$ 441,541					\$ 422,361	\$ 19,180	3 441,
Jpland Habitat					400.000	ļ .	s .	s
Local Food System	\$ -	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%			
Rural Farm Planning Services	36,291	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	35,928	363	36
Urban Farm Planning Services	9,590	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	9,494	96	9
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)	159,827	5% Direct / 95% Indirect	95.0%	5.0%	100.0%	151,836	7,991	159
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)	The state of the state of	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	-		
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	302,085	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	299,065	3,021	302
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	20,250	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	20,047	202	20
	58,603	5% Direct / 95% Indirect	95.0%	5.0%	100.0%	55,673	2,930	58
Landowner Incentive Program	\$ 586,647	3% Direct / 33% man ect	33.0%	3.070	100.073	\$ 572,043		\$ 586
Subtotal	\$ 586,647					\$ 372,043	3 14,004	7 , 300
Aquatic Habitat (Fresh and Marine)		and Division of Change I in the	20.000	1.0%	100.0%	\$ 54,277	\$ 548	\$ 54
Local Food System	\$ 54,825	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%					145
Rural Farm Planning Services	145,163	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99,0%	1.0%	100.0%	143,711	1,452	
Urban Farm Planning Services	19,180	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	18,988	192	19
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)		1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%			
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)	575,364	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	569,610	5,754	575
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	400,621	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	396,614	4,006	400
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	81,000	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99-0%	1.0%	100.0%	80,190	810	81
Landowner Incentive Program	150,693	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	149,186	1,507	150
Subtotal	\$ 1,426,845	and the second				\$ 1,412,576	\$ 14,268	\$ 1,426
Water Quality and Quantity (Stormwater, Flooding, etc.)	2,120,010							
Local Food System	\$ 54,825	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	\$ 54,277	\$ 548	\$ 54
	217,744	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	215,567	2,177	217
Rural Farm Planning Services		1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	75,953	767	76
Urban Farm Planning Services	76,720			1		13,933	1 ,87	1 /0
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)	*	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	1		l
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)	575,364	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	569,610		575
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	285,232	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	282,379	2,852	285
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	40,500	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	40,095		40
Landowner Incentive Program	209,296	1% Direct / 99% Indirect	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	207,203	2,093	209
Subtotal	\$ 1,459,680					\$ 1,445,083	\$ 14,597	\$ 1,459
30010141	3 T'432'000	I.	1	I	I .	7 2,773,003		1 -, 13.

2015

Rates & Charges Model

Budget



			Allo	cation Percent	iges	А	llocated Costs	
	Total Cost	Allocation Basis	Indirect	Direct	Total	Indirect	Direct	Total
Economic Support to Working Lands Local Food System Rural Farm Planning Services Urban Farm Planning Services Forestry Services (Urban/Rural) Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural) Jurisdiction-Focused Fund Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee Landowner Incentive Program Subtotal	\$ 712,725 72,581 19,180 15,558 121,500 \$ 941,544	25% Direct / 75% Indirect 25% Direct / 75% Indirect	75.0% 75.0% 75.0% 75.0% 75.0% 75.0% 75.0% 75.0%	25.0% 25.0% 25.0% 25.0% 25.0% 25.0% 25.0% 25.0%	100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	\$ 534,544 54,436 14,385 11,669 91,125 \$ 706,158	18,145 4,795 3,890 30,375 ±	\$ 712,725 72,58; 19,18(15,55; 121,50(\$ 941,54(
TOTAL	\$ 6,151,042	Printer Charles Committee	I	Warran and a second		\$ 5,754,607	\$ 396,435	12 0,1211

2015

	· []				Allocated Cost		
	Total Cost	Ų.		Inditect	Direct	Total	
UMMARY				\$ 914,481	\$ 182,019	\$ 1,096,50	
Local Food System	\$ 1,096,500	*:	17.8%	640.168	1		
Rural Farm Planning Services	725,814	100	11.8%	169.168			
Urban Farm Planning Services	191,800		3.1%		15,983		
Forestry Services (Urban/Rural)	319,654		5.2%	303,671	1.	1	
Shoreline and Riparian Services (Urban/Rural)	1,278,586		20.8%	1,265,800	1		
Jurisdiction-Focused Fund	1,296,507		21.1%	1,279,808	1	1	
Communications, Outreach, Advisory Committee	404,999		6.6%	371,789	1		
Landowner Incentive Program	837.182		13.6%	809,722	27,460	837,18	
TOTAL	\$ 6,151,042		100.0%	\$ 5,754,607	\$ 396,435	\$ 6,151,04	

Rates & Charges Model Form and Agriculture Lands

0	No benefit
1	Partial benefit compared to other classes
2	Full proportional benefit compared to other classes

Farm and Agriculture Lands - Indirect Benefit Costs

\$ 1,196,387

		Allocation of Costs								
Land Use Category	No. of Parcels	Benefits Ad). Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allocated Cost		Unit Cost (per Parcel)			
		2	580,469	89.35%	\$	1,059,027	\$	1,8417		
Commercial	19,187	2	19,187	2.95%	\$	35,336	\$	1.8417		
Agricultural	121	2	121	0.02%	\$	223	5	1.8417		
Institutional / Public	2,799	2	2,799	0.43%	\$	5,155	5	1.8417		
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	2	44,705	6.88%	\$	82,331	S	1.8417		
Open Space	2,343	2	2,343	0.36%	\$	4,315	S	1.8417		
Forested			*	0.00%	\$	*	S	127		
[Other]			*	0.00%	\$	*	\$	766		
[Other]				0.00%	\$		5	-		
[Other]			4.7	0.00%	\$	2	S	52%		
TOTAL	649,624		649,624	200.00%	S	1,196,387	S	1.8417		

Farm and Agriculture Lands - Direct Benefit Costs

	1	Allocation of Costs								
Land Use Category Residential	No. of Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basks	% Share	Allo	cated Cost		nit Cost r Parcel)		
		1	290,235	99.56%	\$	97,963	\$	0.1688		
Commercial	19,187	0		0.00%	\$	*	\$	885.W		
Agricultural	121	2	121	0.04%	\$	41	\$	0.3375		
Institutional / Public	2,799	0		0.00%	\$		\$	90		
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	a	•	0,00%	\$	*	\$	0.60		
Open Space	2,343	1	1,172	0.40%	\$	395	\$	0.1688		
Forested	\$			0.00%	\$	*	\$	0.00		
(Other)			2	0.00%	\$	SE.	\$	390		
[Other]			¥.	0.00%	\$	4	\$	200		
Otherl				0.00%	\$		\$	7905		
TOTAL	649,624		291,527	100.00%	\$	98,399	5	0.1515		

Rates & Charges Model Forestry

0	No benefit
1	Partial benefit compared to other classes
2	Full proportional benefit compared to other classes

Forestry - Indirect Benefit Costs

\$ 422,361

X :

		Allocation of Costs								
Land Use Category Residential	No. of Parcels 580,469	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allo	cated Cost		nit Cost r Parcel)		
		2	580,469	89.35%	\$	377,399	\$	0.6502		
Commercial	19,187	2	19,187	2.95%	5	12,475	\$	0.6502		
Agricultural	121	2	121	0.02%	\$	79	\$	0.6502		
Institutional / Public	2,799	2	2,799	0.43%	\$	1,820	\$	0.6502		
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	2	44,705	6.88%	\$	29,065	\$	0.6502		
Open Space	2,343	2	2,343	0.36%	\$	1,523	\$	0.6502		
Forested				0,00%	5	*	\$	3.8		
[Cther]				0.00%	5		\$:4		
[Other]				0.00%	\$	*	\$	45		
Other				0.00%	\$	*	\$			
TOTAL	649,624		649,624	100.00%	1 \$	422,361	\$	0.6502		

Forestry - Direct Benefit Costs

\$ 19,180

		Allocation of Costs								
Land Use Category	No. of Parcels 580,469	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allo	cated Cost	131	nit Cost r Parcel)		
Residential		1	290,235	92,14%	\$	17,673	\$	0.0304		
Commercial	19,187	0		0,00%	\$		\$	-		
Agricultural	121	1	61	0.02%	\$	4	\$	0.0304		
Institutional / Public	2,799	0	- 1	0.00%	\$	•	\$			
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	1	22,353	7.10%	5	1,361	\$	0.0304		
Open Space	2,343	2	2,343	0,74%	\$	143	\$	0.0609		
Forested				0,00%	\$		\$	-		
[Other]				0.00%	\$	*	\$	8		
(Other)	1 .			0,00%	\$		\$	8		
Other		J	<u> </u>	D.00%	s		\$			
TOTAL	649,524		314,991	100.00%	S	19,180	5	0.0295		

Rates & Charges Model Upland Habitat

0	No benefit
1	Partial benefit compared to other classes
2	Full proportional benefit compared to other classes

Upland Habitat - Indirect Benefit Costs

\$ 572,043

			Allocation of Costs								
Land Use Category Residential	No. of Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allo	cated Cost		nit Cost r Parcel)			
		2	580,469	89.35%	\$	511,147	\$	0.8805			
Commercial	19,187	2	19,187	2.95%	\$	15,896	\$	0.8806			
Agricultural	121	2	121	D.02%	\$	107	\$	0.8806			
Institutional / Public	2,799	2	2,799	0.43%	\$	2,465	\$	0.8806			
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	2	44,705	5.88%	\$	39,366	5	0.8805			
Open Space	2,343	2	2,343	0.36%	\$	2,063	\$	0.8806			
Forested	125		, and	0.00%	\$		\$	4			
[Other]	1.00	Ü	1.40	0,00%	\$	¥3	\$	74			
Other]	74°2		187	0.00%	\$	*	\$	774			
[Other]	1 48		L. Vir	0.00%	5		\$				
TOTAL	649,624		649,624	100.00%	\$	572,043	S	0.8806			

Upland Habitat - Direct Benefit Costs

C0000			All	ocation of Cos	ts			
Land Use Category	No. of Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allo	ated Cost		nit Cost r Parcel }
Residential	580,469	1	290,235	91.73%	\$	13,396	\$	0.0231
Commercial	19,187	0		0.00%	\$	•	5	
Agricultural	121	1	61	0.02%	\$	3	\$	0.0232
Institutional / Public	2,799	1	1,400	0.44%	\$	55	\$	0.0231
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	1	22,353	7.06%	\$	1,032	\$	0,023
Орел Ѕрасе	2,343	2	2,343	0.74%	\$	108	\$	0.0453
Forested	1947	72-0	- 40	0.00%	\$	1.81	\$	28
[Other]	(4)		42	0.00%	5	•	\$	*
[Other]	(4)		2(#3)	0.00%	\$	- 80	\$	330
[Other]	((•.	0.00%	\$	•	\$	68
TOTAL	649,624		316,390	100.00%	S	14,604	S	0.022

Rates & Charges Model
Aquatic Habitat (Fresh and Marine)

No benefit
 Partial benefit compared to other classes
 Full proportional benefit compared to other classes



Aquatic Habitat (Fresh and Marine) - Indirect Benefit Costs

\$ 1,412,576

	À		Allocation of Costs - Not Waterfront								
Land Use Category	Not Waterfront Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	All	ocated Cost	/S	nit Cost or Parcel)			
Residential	569,961	2	569,961	37.74%	\$	1,239,353	\$	2.1745			
Commercial	18,658	2	18,658	2.87%	\$	40,571	5	2.1745			
Agricultural	112	2	112	0.02%	\$	244	\$	2.1745			
Institutional / Public	2,745	2	2,745	0.42%	\$	5,969	\$	2.1745			
Vacant / Undeveloped	41,461	2	41,461	6.38%	\$	90,155	\$	2.1745			
Open Space	2,090	2	2,090	0,32%	\$	4,545	\$	2.1745			
Forested				0.00%	\$	36	\$	•			
Other				0.00%	\$		\$	*			
Other				0,00%	\$	4	\$	*			
[Other]	* *			0.00%	S	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	<u>F</u>			
Total Non Waterfront	635,027		635,027								
TOTAL Parcels	649,624		649,624	97.75%	\$	1,380,836	S	2.1745			

			Allocation	of Costs - Wa	terfe	gaz		
Land Use Category	Waterfront Parcels	Benefits Ad). Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Alio	cated Cost		nit Cost r Parcel)
Residential	10,508	2	10,508	1,62%	\$	22,849	\$	2.1745
Commercial	529	2	529	0.08%	\$	1,150	\$	2 1745
Agricultural	9	2	9	0.00%	\$	20	\$	2.1745
Institutional / Public	54	2	54	0.01%	\$	117	\$	2,1745
Vacant / Undeveloped	3,244	2	3,244	0 50%	\$	7,054	\$	2 1745
Open Space	253	2	253	0.04%	\$	550	\$	2.1745
Forested				0.00%	\$	7	\$	
[Other]	*		*	0.00%	\$: W	\$. ***
[Other]	1 .			0.00%	\$	⊘ * ¹	\$	*
[Other]				0.00%	5		\$	¥)
Total Waterfront	14,597		14,597	* *************************************				
TOTAL Parcels	649,624		649,624	2.25%	5	31,740	S	2.1745

Aquatic Habitat (Fresh and Marine) - Direct Benefit Costs

\$ 14,268

	Ja.,		Allocation o	f Costs - Not V	Vote	front		
Land Use Category	Not Waterfront Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Alla	cated Cost		nit Cast r Parcel)
Residential	569,961	1	284,981	86,23%	\$	12,304	5	0.0216
Commercial	18,558	1	9,329	2.82%	\$	403	\$	0.0216
Agricultural	112	2	56	0.02%	\$	2	\$	0.0216
Institutional / Public	2,745	1	1,373	0,42%	\$	59	\$	0.0216
Vacant / Undeveloped	41,461	1	20,731	6.27%	\$	895	\$	0.0216
Open Space	2,090	3	1,045	0.32%	\$	45	\$	0.0216
Forested				0.00%	\$		5	
[Other]	988		0.5	0.00%	\$		\$	
[Other]	(*)		(*)	0.00%	\$	*	\$	14
[Other]	1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.00%	\$	á)	\$, a
Total Non Waterfront	635,027		317,514					
TOTAL Parcels	649,624		330,489	96.07%	S	13,708	5	0.0216

			Allocation	of Costs - Wo	terfrai	10	37	
Land Use Category	Waterfront Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basls	% Share	Alloca	ted Cost	3	nit Cost Parcel)
Residential	10,508	2	10,508	3,18%	\$	454	\$	0.0432
Commercial	529	2	529	0.15%	\$	23	\$	0.0432
Agricultural	9	2 2	9	0.00%	\$	0	\$	0.0432
Institutional / Public	54	2	54	0.02%	\$	2	\$	0.0432
Vacant / Undeveloped	3,244	1	1,522	0,49%	\$	70	\$	0.0216
Open Space	253	2	253	0.08%	\$	11	\$	0.0432
Forested			· ***	0.00%	\$	25	\$	*
(Other)			23•3.	0.00%	\$	5.5	\$.	*
[Other]	0.•€			D 00%	\$. *	\$	
[Other]				0.00%	\$	*	\$	
Total Waterfront	14,597		12,975					
TOTAL Parcels	649,624		330,489	3.93%	S	560	5	0.0384

Rates & Charges Model

Water Quality and Quantity (Stormwater, Flooding, et

No benefit
Partial benefit compared to other classes
Full proportional benefit compared to other classes



Water Quality and Quantity (Stormwater, Flooding, etc.) - Indirect Benefit Costs

\$ 1,445,083

		ļ	Allocation of Costs - Not Waterfront								
Land Use Category	Not Waterfront Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	ΑIJ	ocated Cost	00	-	Cost Parcel)		
Residential	569,961	2	569,961	87.74%	\$	1,267,873	\$		2.2245		
Commercial	18,658	2	18,658	2.87%	\$	41,505	\$	16	2.2245		
Agricultural	112	2	112	0.02%	\$	249	\$		2.2245		
Institutional / Public	2,745	2	2,745	0.42%	\$	6,106	\$	16	2 2245		
Vacant / Undeveloped	41,461	2	41,461	6.38%	\$	92,230	\$	- 8	2.2245		
Öpen Space	2,090	2	2,090	0.32%	\$	4,549	\$: 6	2.2245		
Forested		100		0.00%	\$	- e	\$		**		
[Other]	*			0.00%	\$	2.1	\$		*		
[Other]	-		7.5	0.00%	\$	981	\$	1.3			
[Other]				3,00%	\$		\$	u.i.d.			
Total Non Waterfront	635,027		635,027								
TOTAL Parcels	549,624		649,624	97.75%	\$	1,412,612	5		2.2245		

	?	Committee and the	Allocation	of Casts - Wa	terfi	ont		- commission
Land Use Category	Waterfront Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allo	cated Cost		nit Cost r Parcel)
Residential	10,508	2	10,508	1,62%	\$	23,375	5	2.2245
Commercial	529	2	529	0.08%	5	1,177	5	2.2245
Agricultural	9	2	9	0,00%	\$	20	\$	2.2245
Institutional / Public	54	2	54	0.01%	S	120	5	2.2245
Vacant / Undeveloped	3,244	2	3,244	0.50%	S	7,216	\$	2,2245
Open Space	253	z	253	0.04%	\$	553	\$	2.2245
Forested	X			0,00%	S	•	5	
Other	2		1	0.00%	\$		\$	
Other			22.74	0.00%	5	.¥	\$	*
[Other]	· ·			0.00%	\$	·%	5	*
Total Waterfront	14,597		14,597					
TOTAL Parcels	649,624		649,624	2.25%	5	32,471	3	2.2245

Water Quality and Quantity (Stormwater, Flooding, etc.) - Direct Benefit Costs

		¥	Allocation of Costs - Not Weterfront								
Land Use Category	Not Waterfront Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allo	cated Cost	22 °	Init Cost er Parcel)			
Residential	569,961	1	284,981	86,23%	\$	12,587	\$	0,0221			
Commercial	18,658	1	9,329	2.82%	\$	412	\$	0.0221			
Agricultural	112	1	56	0.02%	\$	2	\$	0.0223			
Institutional / Public	2,745	1	1,373	0.42%	\$	51	\$	0,0221			
Vacant / Undeveloped	41,451	1	20,731	6.27%	\$	916	\$	0.0223			
Open Space	2,090	2	1,045	0.32%	\$	46	\$	0.0223			
Forested	(90)		890	0,00%	\$	68.5	\$	250.0			
(Other)				0.00%	\$	199	\$				
[Other]	(2)		2.00	0.00%	\$		\$				
[Other]			•	0,00%	\$		\$				
Total Non Waterfront	635,027		317.514		Ů.			aller			
TOTAL Parcels	549,624		330,489	96.07%	\$	14,024	5	0.0223			

		And the second s	Allocation of Costs - Waterfront								
Land Use Category	Waterfront Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allocated Cost		nit Cost r Parcei)				
Residential	10,508	2	10,508	3.18%	\$ 464	5	0.0442				
Commercial	529	2	529	0.15%	\$ 23	\$	0.0442				
Agricultural	9	2	9	0.00%	\$ 0	\$	0.0442				
Institutional / Public	54	2	54	0.02%	\$ 2	\$	0.0442				
Vacant / Undeveloped	3,244	1	1,622	0.49%	\$ 72	\$	0.0221				
Open Space	253	2	253	0.08%	\$ 11	\$	C 0442				
Forested				0.00%	\$ -	\$	*				
[Other]	1.2			0 00%	\$ *	\$	*				
Other]			0.000	0.00%	\$	\$	**				
[Other]	1		*	0.00%	\$ *	\$					
Total Waterfront	14,597		12,975								
TOTAL Parcels	649,624		330,489	3.93%	\$ 573	S	0.0393				

Rates & Charges Model

Economic Support to Working Lands

0	No benefit
1	Partial benefit compared to other classes
2	Full proportional benefit compared to other classes

Economic Support to Working Lands - Indirect Benefit Costs

\$ 706,158

			All	ocation of Cos	ts.		1000000	
Land Use Category	No. of Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allo	cated Cost		nlt Cost r Parcel }
Residential	580,469	2	580,469	96.14%	Ş	678,931	\$	1.1695
Commercial	19,187	2	19,187	3.18%	\$	22,442	\$	1.1696
Agricultural	121	2	121	0.02%	\$	142	\$	1,1696
Institutional / Public	2,799	2	2,799	0,45%	5	3,274	5	1,1695
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	0		0.00%	\$		5	+.
Open Space	2,343	1	1,172	0.19%	\$	1,370	\$	0,5848
Forested				0.00%	\$	17	\$	*
[Other]				0.00%	\$		\$	**
[Other]	~	1	28	0.00%	\$	Æ.	\$	*
[Other]			*	0.00%	S		\$	
TOTAL	649,624		603,748	100.00%	5	706,158	5	1.0870

Economic Support to Working Lands - Direct Benefit Costs

\$ 235,386

Committee of the commit	·		All	ocation of Cos	gts ,					
Land Use Category	No. of Parcels	Benefits Adj. Factors	Adjusted Allocation Basis	% Share	Allo	cated Cost	(pe	nit Cost r Parcel)		
Residential	580,469	1	290,235	95.94%	\$	225,827	\$	0,3890		
Commercial	19,187	1	9,594	3.17%	\$	7,465	\$	0.3890		
Agricultural	121	2	121	0.04%	\$	94	\$	0.7781		
Institutional / Public	2,799	i	1,400	0.46%	\$	1,089	\$	0.3890		
Vacant / Undeveloped	44,705	0	290	0.00%	\$		\$			
Open Space	2,343	1	1,172	0.39%	\$	912	\$	0.3890		
Forested			*.:	0.00%	\$	196	\$			
[Other]			5.0%	0.00%	\$	•	\$			
Other				0.00%	\$	-	\$			
[Other]				0.00%	5		\$	¥		
TOTAL	649,624		302,520	100.00%	\$	235,386	5	0.3623		

Rates & Charges Model Unit Costs

*			á maria				 	Per Pa	rce! -	Not Wate	rfron:				Ser A		Comme		
Land Use Categories	Re	sidential	Con	nmercial	Agri	cultural	utional / ublic	 acant / eveloped	Opi	en Space	Fo	rested]	Other]	1	Other]	l	[Other]	Average
Farm and Agriculture Lands	\$	2.0104	\$	1.8417	\$	2.1792	\$ 1.8417	\$ 1.8417	\$	2.0104	\$	*	\$	*.	\$	ň	\$	*	\$ 1.9931
Forestry	\$	0.6806	\$	0.6502	\$	0.6806	\$ 0.6502	\$ 0.6806	\$	0.7111	\$	4	\$	*	\$	Se≨	\$	*	\$ 0.6797
Upland Habitat	\$	0.9037	\$	0.8806	\$	0.9037	\$ 0.9037	\$ 0.9037	\$	0.9267	\$	*	\$	-	\$	**	\$		\$ 0.9031
Aquatic Habitat (Fresh and Marine)	\$	2.1950	\$	2.1960	\$	2.1960	\$ 2.1960	\$ 2.1960	\$	2.1960	\$	*:	\$	*:	\$	*	\$	*	\$ 2.1960
Water Quality and Quantity (Stormwater, Flooding, etc.)	\$	2.2466	\$	2.2466	\$	2.2466	\$ 2.2456	\$ 2.2466	\$	2.2466	\$	=	\$	Sec.	\$	¥	\$	· (44)	\$ 2.2466
Economic Support to Working Lands	\$	1.5587	\$	1.5587	\$	1.9477	\$ 1.5587	\$ 	\$	0.9739	\$	*	\$	S	\$		\$	*	\$ 1.4494
TOTAL	\$	9.5960	\$	9.3737	\$	10.1538	\$ 9.3968	\$ 7.8685	\$	9.0647	\$		\$	- 2	\$	i i	\$,2	\$ 9.4679

	T						 	Per	Parce	l - Waterfr	ont									
Land Use Categories	Re	sidential	Cor	nmercial	Ag	ricultural	 itutional / Public	/acant / developed	Оре	en Space	Fc	rested	Į	Other]	Ę	Other]	[0	Other]	Д	verage
Farm and Agriculture Lands	Ś	2.0104	Ġ	1.8417	\$	2.1792	\$ 1.8417	\$ 1.8417	\$	2.0104	\$	ž	\$	4	\$	<u></u>	\$	*	\$	1.9931
Forestry	Ś	0.6806	\$	0.6502	\$	0.6806	\$ 0.6502	\$ 0.6806	\$	0.7111	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$		\$	0.6797
Upland Habitat	s	0.9037	\$	0.8806	\$	0.9037	\$ 0.9037	\$ 0.9037	\$	0.9267	\$	*	\$	4	\$	Sec.	\$	*	\$	0.9031
Aquatic Habitat (Fresh and Marine)	\$	2.2176	\$	2.2176	\$	2.2176	\$ 2.2176	\$ 2.1960	\$	2.2176	\$		\$		\$	8	\$	*	\$	2.2128
Water Quality and Quantity (Stormwater, Flooding, etc.)	\$	2.2687	\$	2.2687	\$	2.2687	\$ 2.2687	\$ 2.2466	\$	2.2687	\$	*	\$	*	\$	360	\$	*	\$	2.2638
Economic Support to Working Lands	\$	1.5587	\$	1.5587	\$	1.9477	\$ 1.5587	\$ *	\$	0.9739	\$	*	\$	æ	\$	-	\$	×	\$	1.4494
TOTAL	ŝ	9.6396	Ś	9.4173	\$	10.1974	\$ 9.4404	\$ 7.8685	\$	9.1084	\$	•	\$		\$		\$		\$	9.5018

Rates & Charges Model Allocated Costs by Customer Class

		**************************************	4 (00)		Per Parcel Chan	ge Cost Bases -	Not Waterfron	t,	i (p		i į
Land Use Categories	Residential	Commercial	Agricultural	Institutional / Public	Vacant / Undeveloped	Open Space	Forested	[Other]	[Other]	[Other]	TOTAL
Farm and Agriculture Lands Forestry Upland Habitat Aquatic Habitat (Fresh and Marine) Water Quality and Quantity (Stormwater, Flooding, etc.) Economic Support to Working Lands	\$ 1,166,990 \$ 395,072 \$ 524,543 \$ 1,251,657 \$ 1,280,460 \$ 904,758	\$ 12,475 \$ 16,896 \$ 40,974 \$ 41,917	\$ 82 \$ 109 \$ 246 \$ 252	\$ 1,820 \$ 2,529 \$ 6,028 \$ 6,167	\$ 30,427 \$ 40,398 \$ 91,050 \$ 93,145	\$ 1,666 \$ 2,171 \$ 4,590	\$ * \$ * \$ *	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 1,294,786 \$ 441,541 \$ 586,647 \$ 1,394,544 \$ 1,426,636 \$ 941,544
TOTAL % Share in Per Parcel Charge Cost Bases	\$ 5,523,479 90.76%	·	<u> </u>	-\$	4			\$ - 6 0.00	\$ ÷ % 0.00	\$ <u>-</u> % 0.009	\$ 6,085,697 6 100.009

			3					op	Pe	r Parcel Ch	arge (Cost Bases	- Wo	terfront								
Land Use Categories	Re	sidential	Соп	nmercial	Agr	ricultural		tional / blic		acant / leveloped	Ope	en Space	F	orested	I	Other]	Į.	Other]		Other]		TOTAL
	7		ے		خ		Ļ		¢	:	\$	-	\$	240	s	/ + 3	\$		\$	1 (34)	\$	2 5 2
Farm and Agriculture Lands	13	4.577	1 2	5:	2		7	-	4		4		ė		3	327	5	1	5	-	s	130 Y
Forestry	\$. +0	\$	•	5		5	0	2		2		2	20.T	7	- 2	1		2	22	6	-
Upland Habitat	\$	*	\$	¥7	\$	22	\$	*	5		\$		5	(May)	>	S	>	**************************************	3		3	
Aquatic Habitat (Fresh and Marine)	\$	23,303	\$ **	1,173	\$	20	\$	120	\$	7,124	\$	561	\$	V.	\$	5 86	\$	4.	\$	890	5	32,30
Water Quality and Quantity (Stormwater, Flooding, etc.)	5	23,839	5	1,200	\$	20	\$	123	\$	7,288	\$	574	\$	2 5 25	\$	**	\$		\$	(m)	\$	33,04
Economic Support to Working Lands	\$	8	\$	à	\$	*	\$	ű.	\$	*	\$	363.	\$	₩ .:	\$	5 9 0	\$	(18)	\$	Own.	\$	(#FS
TOTAL	Ś	47,142	\$	2,373	5	40	\$	242	\$	14,412	\$	1,135	\$		\$		\$		\$	- 3	\$	65,34
% Share in Per Parcel Charge Cost Bases		0.77%	·	0.04%	-	0.00%	1	0.00%		0.24%		0.02%		0.009	6	0,00	%	0.00	%	0.0	0%	1.07

-	Combined	\$	6,151,042
	Control	S	6,151,042

Rates & Charges Model



Calculated Rates and Revenue Reconciliation

Land Use Category		alculated Ra	tes P	er Parcel		
Land Use Category	Nat	Waterfront	Waterfront			
Residential	\$	9.5960	\$	9.6396		
Commercial	\$	9.3737	\$	9.4173		
Agricultural	\$	10.1538	\$	10.1974		
Institutional / Public	\$	9.3968	\$	9.4404		
Vacant / Undeveloped	\$	7.8685	\$	7.8685		
Open Space	\$	9.0647	\$	9.1084		
Forested	\$		\$			
TOTAL						

No. of P	arcels
Not Waterfront	Waterfront
569,961	10,508
18,658	529
112	9
2,745	54
41,461	3,244
2,090	253
100	(*)
635,027	14,597

		-	ie Reconciliat	1011	
Not	Waterfront	V	Vaterfrant		TOTAL
\$	5,469,327	\$	101,293	\$	5,570,621
\$	174,894	\$	4,982	\$	179,876
\$	1,137	\$	92	\$	1,229
\$	25,794	\$	510	\$	26,304
\$	326,237	\$	25,526	\$	351,763
\$	18,945	\$	2,304	\$	21,250
\$	-5*9	\$	7.50	\$	
\$	6,016,335	\$	134,707	\$	6,151,042

Net Revenues Needed from Rates \$ 6,151,042

Rates to be Charged and Revenue Calculation (BASED ON MAXIMUM RATE)

Maximum Allowable	Per Parcel	
Rates	5 10,000	0

1	C	alculated Ra	tes Pa	er Parcel
Land Use Category	Not I	Vaterfront	W	aterfront
Residential	\$	9.4102	\$	9,4530
Commercial	\$	9.1922	\$	9.2350
Agricultural	\$	9.9572	\$	10.0000
Institutional / Public	\$	9.2148	\$	9.2575
Vacant / Undeveloped	\$	7.7162	\$	7.7162
Open Space	\$	8.8892	\$	8.9320
Forested	\$		\$	``X#\`
TOTAL		3.000		

No. of P	arcels
Not Waterfront	Waterfront
569,961	10,508
18,658	529
112	9
2,745	54
41,461	3,244
2,090	253
395	5 2 7
635,027	14,597

	Re	venu	e Reconciliat	on				
Not Waterfront		W	aterfront	TOTAL				
\$	5,363,429	\$	99,332	\$	5,462,761			
\$	171,508	\$	4,885	\$	176,393			
\$	1,115	\$	90	\$	1,205			
\$	25,295	\$	500	\$	25,795			
\$	319,921	\$	25,031	\$	344,952			
\$	18,578	\$	2,260	\$	20,838			
\$	Cast	\$	- W	\$				
\$	5,899,845	\$	132,098	Ś	6,031,944			

Estimated Revenue Loss

landika Catasani	Calculated Rates Per Parcel			
Land Use Category	Not Waterfront		Waterfront	
Residential	\$	(0.1858)	\$	(0.1866)
Commercial	\$	(0.1815)	\$	(0.1823)
Agricultural	\$	(0.1966)	\$	(0.1974)
Institutional / Public	\$	(0.1819)	\$	(0.1828)
Vacant / Undeveloped	\$	(0.1524)	\$	(0.1524)
Open Space	\$	(0.1755)	\$	(0.1764)
Forested	\$		\$	3.6%
TOTAL	1			

No. of Parcels		
Waterfront	Not Waterfront	
10,508	569,961	
529	18,658	
9	112	
54	2,745	
3,244	41,461	
253	2,090	
2.	23.92	
14,597	635,027	

	Re	venue	Reconciliation	3	
Not Waterfront		Wo	terfront	TOTAL	
\$	(105,899)	\$	(1,961) \$	5	(107,860)
\$	(3,386)	\$	(96)	5	(3,483)
\$	(22)	\$	(2) \$,	(24)
\$	(499)	\$	(10) \$	Š	(509)
\$	(6,317)	\$	(494) \$		(6,811)
\$	(367)	\$	(45)	5	(411)
\$: **	\$,	3.4
\$	(116,490)	\$	(2,608)	,	(119,098)

APPENDIX C: BOARD PRESENTATION PACKET

King Conservation District

2015 Rates & Charges

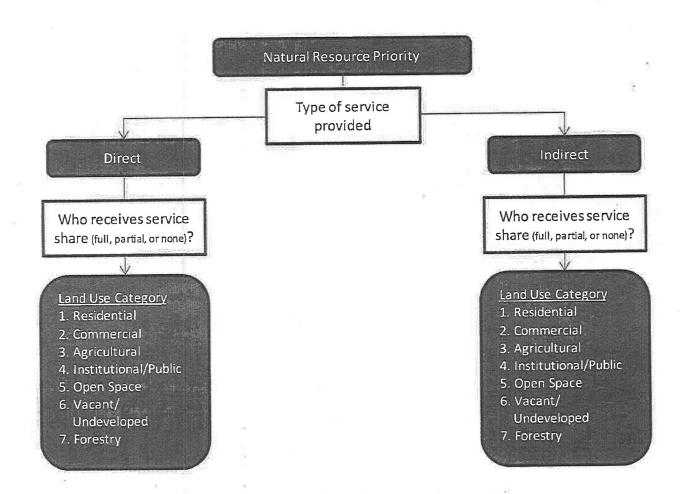
Presented by: John Ghilarducci



General Approach

- Define Natural Resource Priorities (NRPs)
 - Farm and Agriculture Lands
 - Forestry
 - Upland Habitat
 - · Etc.
- Allocate NRPs & Associated Costs between Direct & Indirect Service Provided
- 3. Evaluate Customer Types Served by NRP
- 4. Calculate Rates by Customer Type
 - Baseline scenario
 - Waterfront distinction







Customer Base

- The land use categories are based on the present use of each parcel in the King County parcel file
- There are a number of parcels that are exempt from the charge
 - √ 32,974 parcels in cities that have "opted out"
 - Enumclaw
 - Milton
 - Federal Way
 - √ 2,059 timber parcels
 - √ 32,752 other exempt parcels
- There are a total of 649,624 parcels that are currently available to charge

PacificShykom

Skykomish

2015 District Budget

#: #:	Cost Recovery Needed
Farm and Agriculture Lands	\$ 1,294,786
Forestry	\$ 441,541
Upland Habitat	\$ 586,647
Aquatic Habitat (Fresh and Marine)	\$ 1,426,845
Water Quality and Quantity (Stormwater, Flooding, etc.)	\$ 1,459,680
Economic Support to Working Lands / Food System Support	\$ 941,544
Grand Total	\$ 6,151,042



Rates / Revenue Requirements

Calculated Rates and Revenue Reconciliation

Land Use Category	Calculated Rates Per Parcel		
Residential	\$	9.6004	
Commercial	\$	9.3781	
Agricultural	\$	10.1582	
Institutional / Public	\$	9.4012	
Vacant / Undeveloped	\$.7.8201	
Open Space	\$	9.0691	
Forested	\$		
TOTAL			

No. o	f Parcels
	580,469
	19,187
	121
	2,799
	44,705
	2,343
	649,624

TOTAL Revenue		
\$	5,572,715	
\$	179,937	
\$	1,229	
\$	26,314	
\$	349,598	
\$	21,249	
\$	-	
\$	6,151,042	



Rate Limit

Rates are adjusted proportionally such that the highest rate is \$10.00 per parcel, as per statute

Rates to be Charged and Revenue Calculation (BASED ON MAXIMUM RATE)

Maximum Allowable	Per Parcel		
Rates	\$	10.0000	

Land Use Category	Calculated Rates Per Parcel		
Residential	\$	9.4509	
Commercial	\$	9.2320	
Agricultural	\$	10.0000	
Institutional / Public	\$	9.2548	
Vacant / Undeveloped	\$	7.6983	
Open Space	\$	8.9279	
Forested	\$	3i 2 ii	
TOTAL	45.00	A	

No. o	f Parcels
****	580,469
	19,187
	121
	2,799
	44,705
	2,343
	145
× 07,23,2	649,624

тот	TOTAL Revenue		
\$	5,485,942		
\$	177,135		
\$	1,210		
\$	25,904		
\$	344,154		
\$	20,918		
\$	-		
\$	6,055,263		



Estimated Revenue Shortfall

Based on budgeted programs/services and the \$10.00 per parcel rate limit, revenue will fall short of budgeted expenditures

Estimated Revenue Loss

Land Usa Catagoni	Ca	Calculated	
Land Use Category	Rate	s Per Parcel	
Residential	\$	(0.1495)	
Commercial	\$	(0.1460)	
Agricultural	\$	(0.1582)	
Institutional / Public	\$	(0.1464)	
Vacant / Undeveloped	\$	(0.1218)	
Open Space	\$	(0.1412)	
Forested	\$	(44)	
TOTAL			

No.	of Parcels
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	580,469
	19,187
	121
	2,799
	44,705
	2,343
	₩.
	649,624

TOTAL Revenue		
\$	(86,773)	
\$	(2,802)	
\$	(19)	
\$	(410)	
\$	(5,444)	
\$	(331)	
\$	- 3	
\$	(95,779)	



Rates / Revenue Requirements with Waterfront Distinction

Calculated Rates and Revenue Reconciliation

Land Han Catagoria	Calculated Rates Per Parcel			
Land Use Category	Not Waterfront		Waterfront	
Residential	\$	9.5960	\$	9.6396
Commercial	\$	9.3737	\$	9.4173
Agricultural	\$	10.1538	\$	10.1974
Institutional / Public	\$	9.3968	\$	9.4404
Vacant / Undeveloped	\$	7.8685	\$	7.8685
Open Space	\$	9.0647	\$	9.1084
Forested	\$	ů,	\$	- 1
TOTAL				

No. of Parcels		
Waterfront	Not Waterfront	
10,508	569,961	
529	18,658	
9	112	
54	2,745	
3,244	41,461	
253	2,090	
	-	
14,597	635,027	

	Rev	renue	Reconciliat	ion	
Not	Waterfront	W	aterfront		TOTAL
\$	5,469,327	\$	101,293	\$	5,570,621
\$	174,894	\$	4,982	\$	179,876
\$	1,137	\$	92	\$	1,229
\$	25,794	\$	510	\$	26,304
\$	326,237	\$	25,526	\$	351,763
\$	18,945	\$	2,304	\$	21,250
\$	-	\$	_	\$	
\$	6,016,335	\$	134,707	\$	6,151,042



Rate Limit with Waterfront Distinction

Rates are adjusted proportionally such that the highest rate is \$10.00 per parcel, as per statute

Rates to be Charged and Revenue Calculation (BASED ON MAXIMUM RATE)

Maximum Allowable	Per Parcel
Rates	\$ 10.0000

	Ca	Iculated Ra	tes Pe	er Parcel
Land Use Category	Not Waterfront		Waterfront	
Residential	\$	9.4102	\$	9.4530
Commercial	\$	9.1922	\$	9.2350
Agricultural	\$	9.9572	\$	10.0000
Institutional / Public	\$	9.2148	\$	9.2576
Vacant / Undeveloped	\$	7.7162	\$	7.7162
Open Space	\$	8.8892	\$	8.9320
Forested	\$	*	\$	2 4. ,
TOTAL				

No. of P	arcels
Not Waterfront	Waterfront
569,961	10,508
18,658	529
112	9
2,745	54
41,461	3,244
2,090	253
<u> </u>	· ma
635,027	14,597

Revenue Reconciliation					
Not	Waterfront	W	aterfront		TOTAL
\$	5,363,429	\$	99,332	\$	5,462,761
\$	171,508	\$	4,885	\$	176,393
\$	1,115	\$	90	\$	1,205
\$	25,295	\$	500	\$	25,795
\$	319,921	\$	25,031	\$	344,952
\$	18,578	\$	2,260	\$	20,838
\$		\$	-	\$	-
\$	5,899,845	\$	132,098	\$	6,031,944



Estimated Revenue Shortfall with Waterfront Distinction

Based on budgeted programs/services and the \$10.00 per parcel rate limit, revenue will fall short of budgeted expenditures

Estimated Revenue Loss

I	Calculated Rates Per Parcel			
Land Use Category	Not	Vaterfront	Wo	aterfront
Residential	\$	(0.1858)	\$	(0.1866)
Commercial	\$	(0.1815)	\$	(0.1823)
Agricultural	\$	(0.1966)	\$	(0.1974)
Institutional / Public	\$	(0.1819)	\$	(0.1828)
Vacant / Undeveloped	\$	(0.1524)	\$	(0.1524)
Open Space	\$	(0.1755)	\$	(0.1764)
Forested	\$		\$	
TOTAL				

No. of Parcels				
Not Waterfront	Waterfront			
569,961	10,508			
18,658	529			
112	9			
2,745	54			
41,461	3,244			
2,090	253			
_	· ·			
635,027	14,597			

	Rev	enue	Reconciliat	ion	
Not	Waterfront	Wo	iterfront		TOTAL
\$	(105,899)	\$	(1,961)	\$	(107,860)
\$	(3,386)	\$	(96)	\$	(3,483)
\$	(22)	\$	(2)	\$	(24)
\$	(499)	\$	(10)	\$	(509)
\$	(6,317)	\$	(494)	\$	(6,811)
\$	(367)	\$	(45)	\$	(411)
\$	=	\$: 	\$	
\$	(116,490)	\$	(2,608)	\$	(119,098)



QUESTIONS

